



# Rural Multi-Payer Model provider presentation

September 7, 2018








## Context for this document

- This document is intended to be shared by HCA as an update on the rural multi-payer model
- This document is reflective of key aspects from an in-progress document with additional detail
- Details of the rural multi-payer model and this document are still being finalized by HCA

## Goal of the model

### Sustainable access to care in rural communities

Supporting hospitals through:

-  Focus on health needs of rural communities
-  Stable stream of revenue with monthly payments
-  Tailored support for transformation planning
-  Data analytics to support model implementation
-  Infrastructure support to transform care

# A global budget and care transformation support are the two pillars of the model

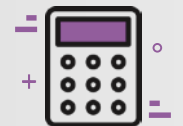
## Fixed annual revenue (global budget)



The global budget is fixed annually and paid to hospitals monthly, providing a stable stream of revenue



The objective of the global budget is to stabilize cash flow, allowing focus on investment and care quality



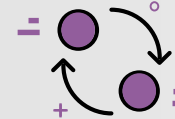
The global budget is calculated based on historic data adjusted for transformation-related annual service changes



## Care transformation support



Tailored, end-to-end assistance at no cost to the hospital





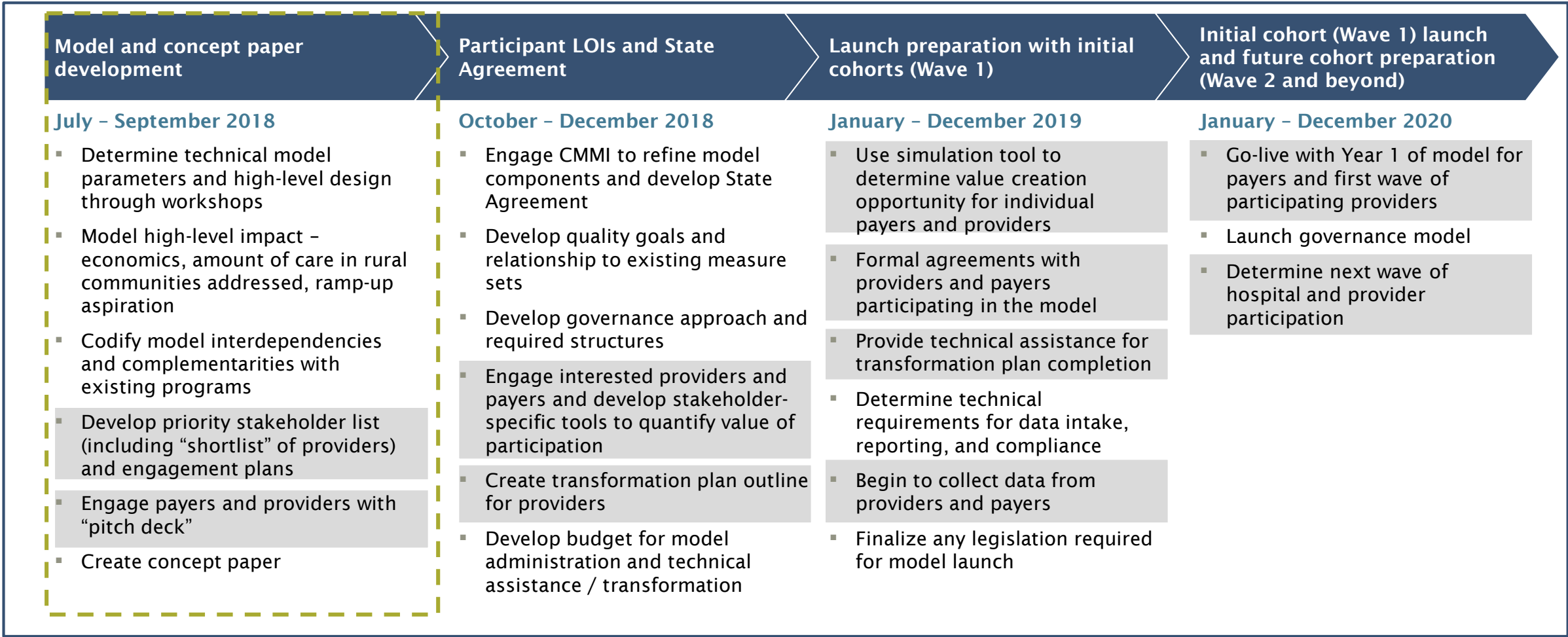
The objective of support is to minimize the burden of transformation, allowing focus on successful implementation



Support across all transformation phases: data collection, plan creation, implementation progress

# Concept paper & Rural Multi-payer timeline

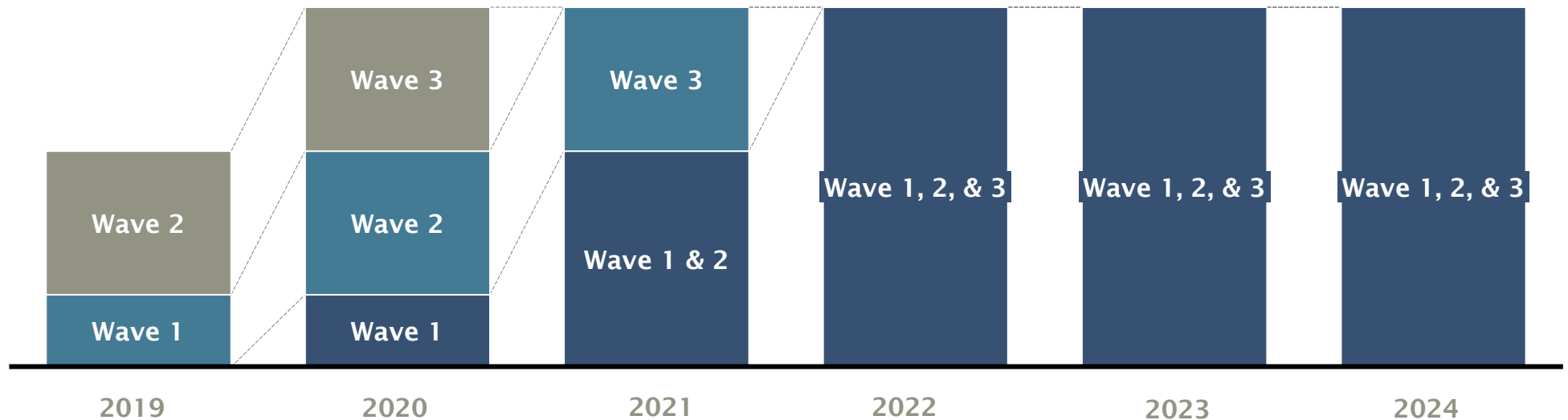
-  Current progress
-  Important milestone for rural hospitals



# Ramp-up for rural hospital participation

Number of rural hospitals participating - illustrative and could be scaled based on total participation

■ Signed LOI and collaborating in planning and budgeting   ■ Signed contract and initiated transformation   ■ Receiving global budget payments



**Major milestones**

2019: Identify first wave for 2020 participation and LOIs for next waves

2020: Initiate operations under global budgets for first wave

2021: Participation from all cohorts, either operating or preparing for launch

2022-2024: Model fully operating

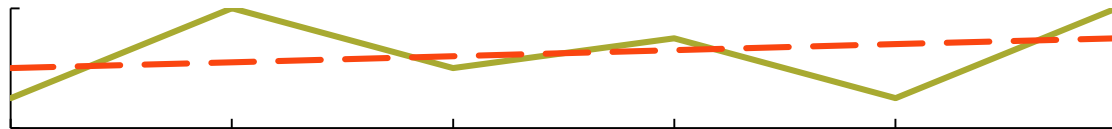
# Global budget provides financial stability lacking under today's system and rewards population health focused transformation

Revenue in flows Costs

## Fee for service reimbursement creates hurdles

### Unstable and unpredictable financials

- Decreasing revenues, increasing costs, and decreasing operating margins
- Outstanding payables, and unpredictable receivables



### Healthier populations hurt bottom line

- Incentivized for inpatient admissions volume
- Dis-incentivized from investments without direct, substantial reimbursement (i.e., care management, outpatient/primary care, and healthier populations)



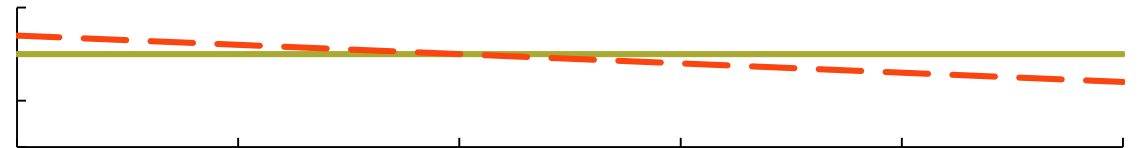
**Fewer profits overall**



## Global budget model corrects incentives

### Predictable and stable cash flows

- Predictable, historically based annual revenues without in-year fluctuation
- Stable, dependable cash flows



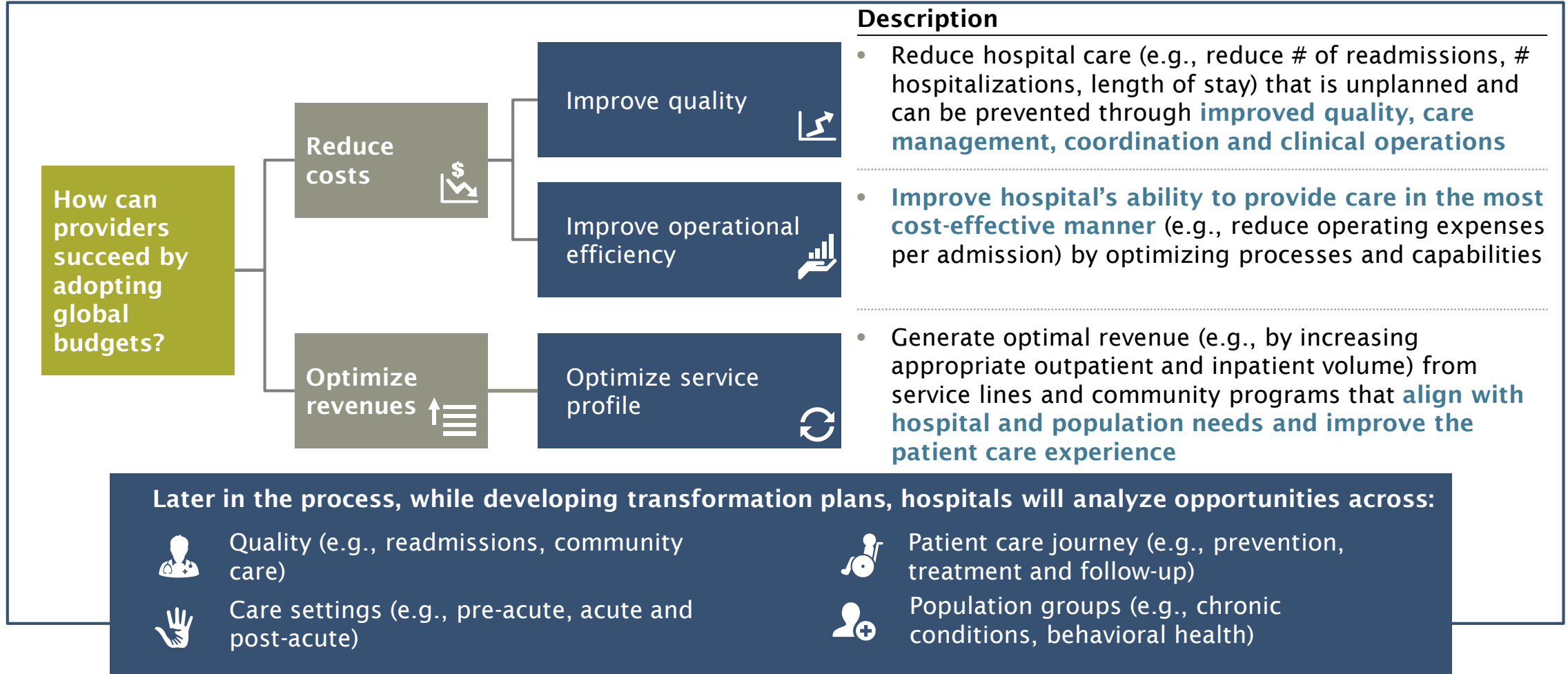
### Incentives to invest in population health

- Incentives to transform to meet community needs and keep populations healthy
- Rewards identifying lower cost, higher quality delivery options like primary, urgent, and tele-care



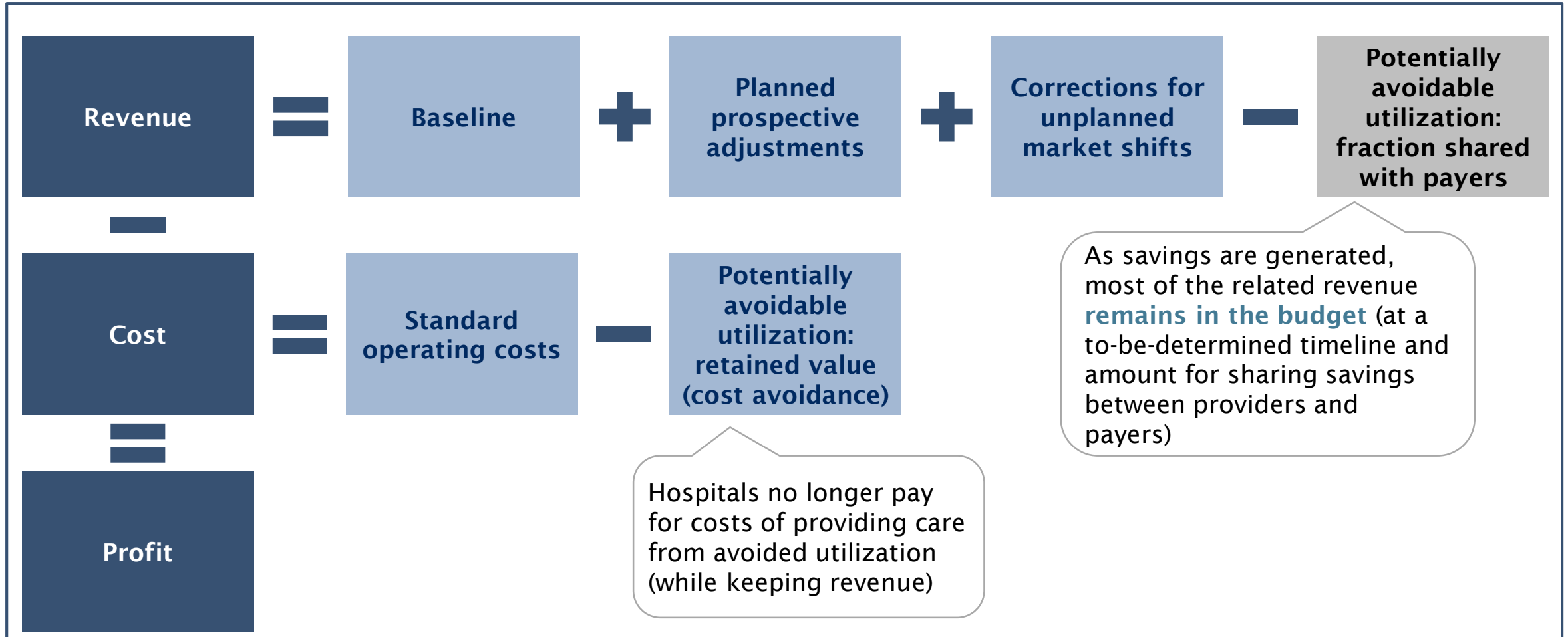
**More profits overall**

# Hospitals can transform care, improve quality, and become financially stable under the model





# Profitability under global budget model



# Outline of the rural multi-payer model

Model components	Decisions made
<b>Technical requirements for model participation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All rural hospitals will have the opportunity to participate in the model</li> <li>• The model should include Medicare FFS and in-network Medicare Advantage, Medicaid FFS and MCOs, and large commercial payers comprising a critical mass of the hospital's net patient revenue</li> </ul>
<b>Approach to setting baseline payment model</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The model will incorporate:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Hospital inpatient (IP) and outpatient (OP) services (professional fees billed on professional claims in IP/OP settings included)</li> <li>– CAH swing beds</li> <li>– Employed primary care physicians (PCPs) in to-be-determine format<sup>1</sup></li> <li>– Existing hospital-owned long-term care (LTC) and behavioral health (BH) services, where applicable</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Methodology for adjustments of planned and unplanned activities</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The model will include adjustments for:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Potentially avoidable utilization (PAU), as the mechanism to share savings with payers and providers</li> <li>– Planned service line changes</li> <li>– Unplanned market share shifts and emergent issues/exception</li> </ul> </li> <li>• The model will not include adjustments for operational efficiencies achieved</li> </ul>
<b>Approach to managing risk</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The model will likely need to incorporate a Year 0 (likely 2019) during which status quo hospital budgeting remains in place and preparation and finalization of rural multi-payer model participation is advanced</li> </ul>
<b>Additional incentives</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The model will include incentives related to quality, primary care, non-hospital providers (primarily PCPs)</li> <li>• The model will align with Accountable Communities of Health (ACHs)</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> Exact structure to be confirmed through further analysis and discussion

# Under a value-based model, many internal processes will remain unchanged for providers

## Internal processes remaining the same

### Claims processes



Maintained through the same process to later be utilized during reconciliation and future global budget calculations

### Co-pay collection



Continued co-pay collection from patients, since co-pays not included within the global budget payments from payers to hospitals

### Professional fees



Professional fees will not initially be included in the global budget

### Payer contracts



Currently effective agreements will be maintained except for payment terms (e.g., quality metrics and reporting, negotiated inflation rates, etc. will remain constant as agreed upon in negotiated payer agreements)

## HCA is working through elements of the model

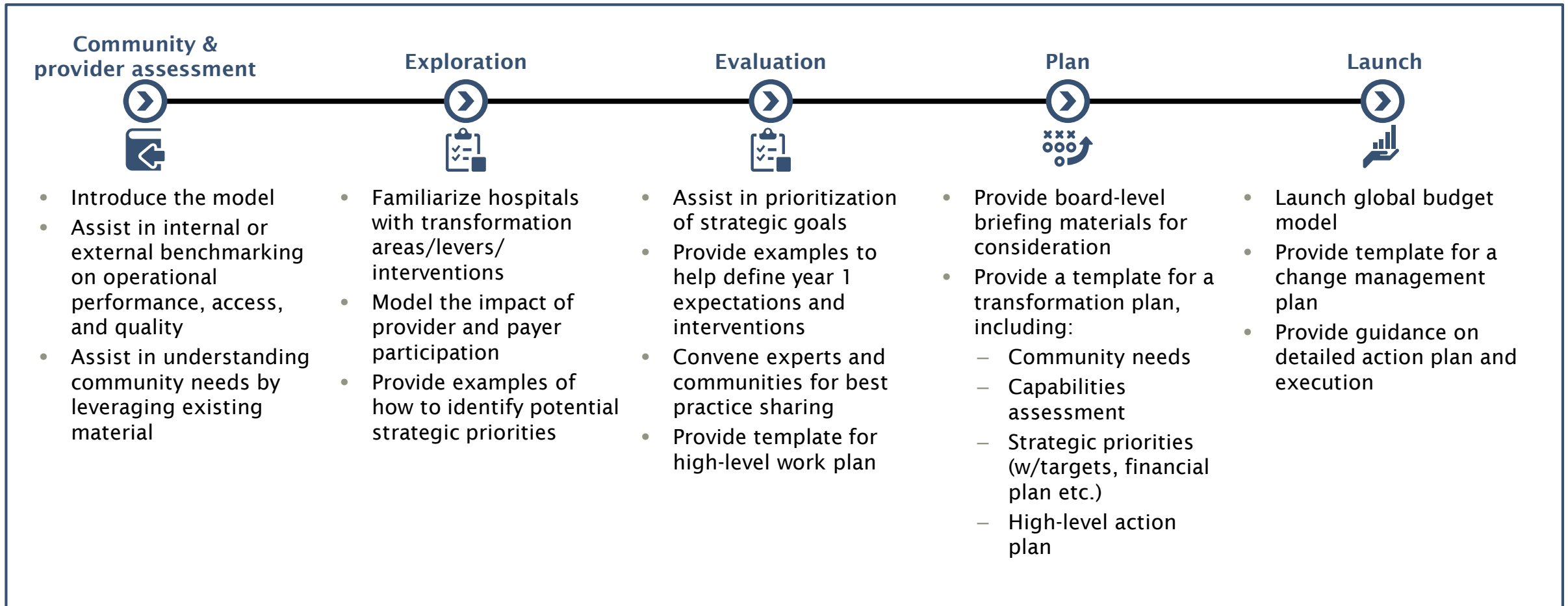
### Elements under consideration:



- How employed PCPs, including those in owned FQHCs and RHCs, will be incorporated
- Guardrails to be included
- Glide path for WRHAP and hospitals with average negative revenue joining the model
- Additional incentives and supports included
- Elements and structure of transformation plans
- How quality metrics will be harmonized between the rural multi-payer model and other state programs

**HCA will continue to build out these aspects and incorporate input and suggestions.**

# Potential activities provided by HCA to hospitals to ensure readiness for global budget





## Questions for group discussion



- What aspects of the model excite you the most?
- Where are your hospital's greatest opportunities in addressing community health needs today?
- What enhancements do you have underway in meeting these needs?
- How could the transition to a global budget help you expand your efforts?
- What primary challenges do you envision and how could these be addressed?
- What support would be most helpful in transitioning to a global budget and implementing a transformation plan?