



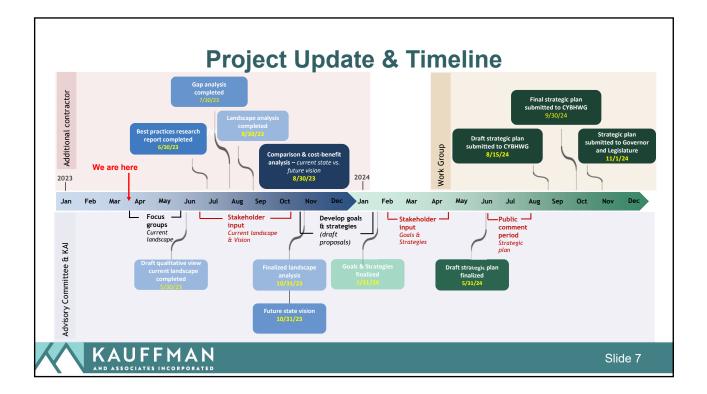


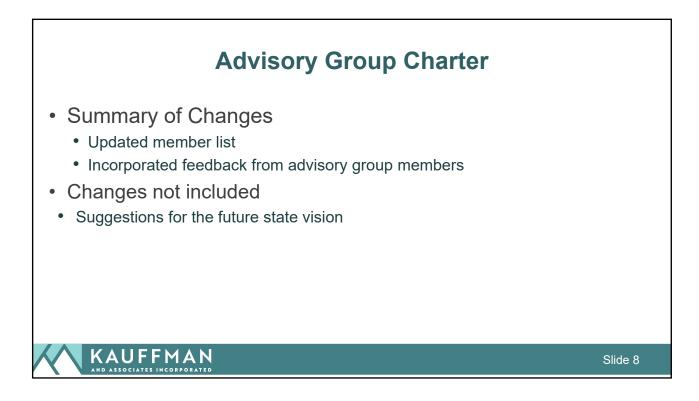


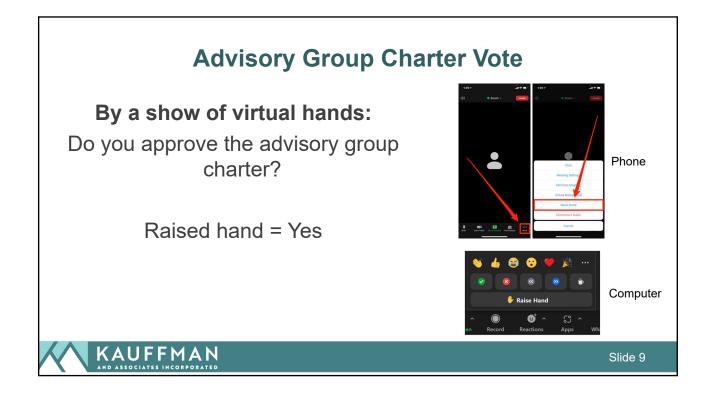


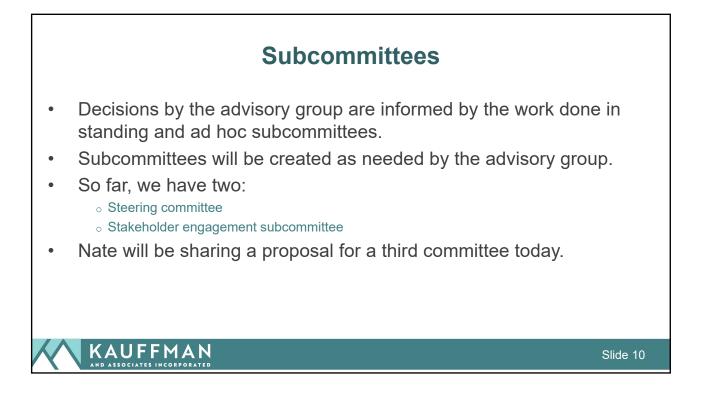
	Agenda				
	3 - 3:05	WELCOME			
	3:05 – 3:20	UPDATES			
	3:20 - 3:50	WA BEHAVIORAL HEALTH DATA - VISION & OPPORTUNITIES			
3:50 - 4:20YOUTH BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN WA: LANDSCAPE AND RECOMMENDATIONS4:20 - 4:25BREAK					
					4:25 – 4:45 BREAKOUT SESSION: BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE CONTINUUM
	4:45 – 4:55 PUBLIC COMMENTS				
	4:55 – 5	CLOSING AND (OPTIONAL) SURVEY			
	Slide 5				

	Norms	
	Be respectful	
	Speak truth	
	Brave space	
	Use plain language	
	Use first names	
	Stories stay private, lessons carry forward	
	Step up and step back	
	Be mindful of trauma/recognize the impact of trauma	
	Assume that everybody's doing the best they can in the moment	
	Your experience matters	
	Encourage grace, compassion, kindness for self	
F		Slide 6









Steering Committee

Member Introductions:

- · Rep. Lisa Callan
- Keri Waterland
- Youth/Young Adult Member Amanda Shi

KAUFFMAN

 Parent/Caregiver Member – Danna Summers

Responsibilities:

- Meet with HCA and KAI team to review and revise the advisory group agenda
- Debrief with HCA and KAI after advisory group meetings
- Agenda planning in months when the advisory group does not meet
- Act as a liaison and receive input from the advisory group members

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Update: Stakeholder Engagement Subcommittee

Purpose:

• Oversee the development and implementation of a stakeholder engagement plan

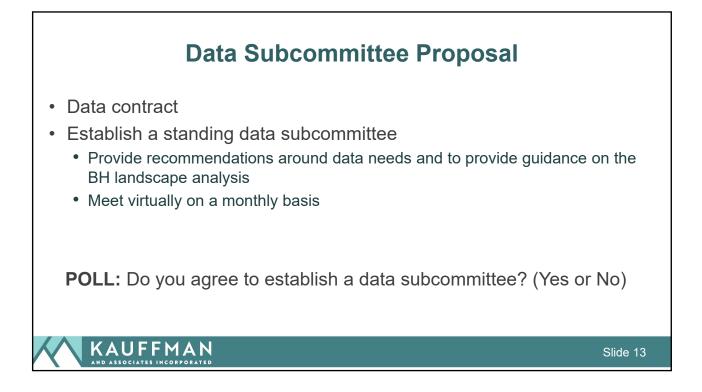
Timeline:

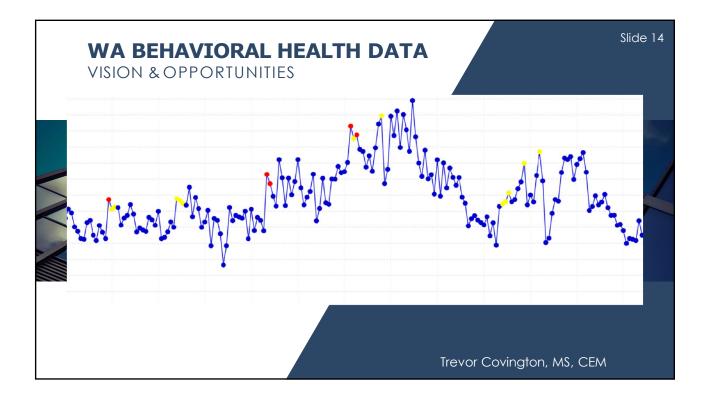
- Opportunity announced at the February 16 meeting
- Interest submitted via email by March 3

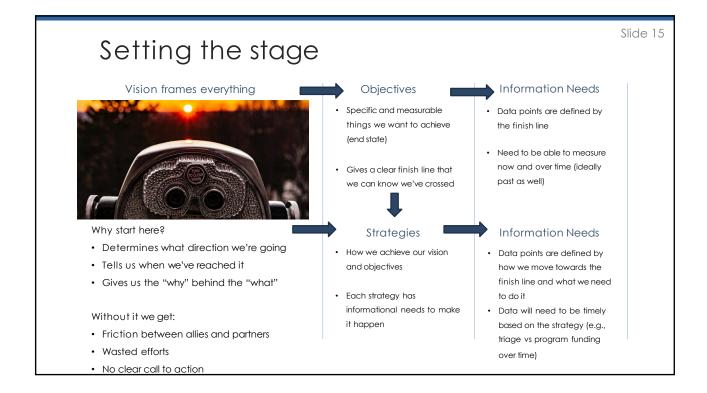
Next Steps:

- Schedule a virtual subcommittee meeting in March
 - Meeting documents will be sent to the subcommittee members in advance for review
- Agenda items:
 - Review stakeholder engagement plan
 - Discuss focus group questions and process
 - Conduct focus groups: First week of April

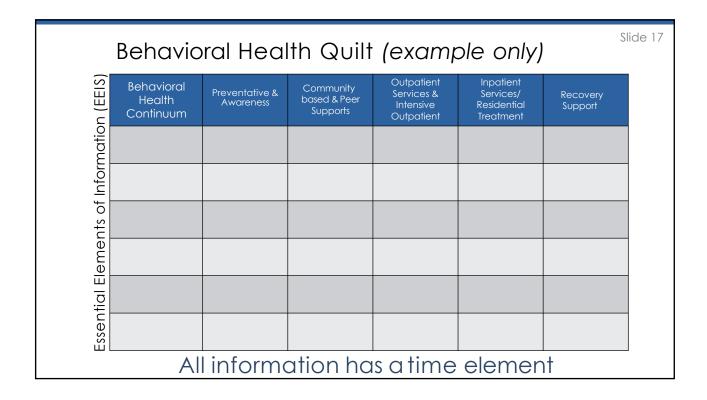






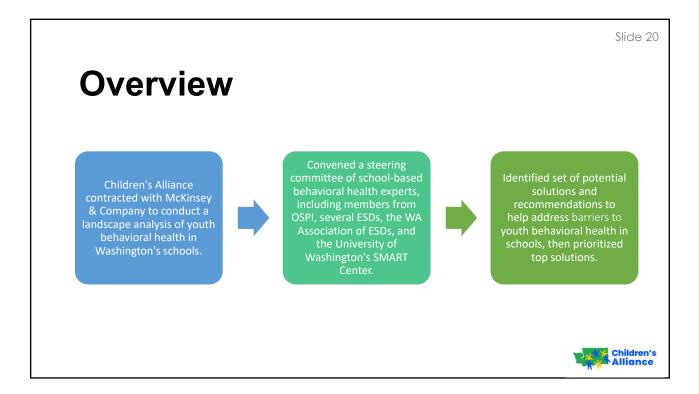


Vhat are we doing	
What do you want to do?	What you need
Data to identify problems, gaps, lack of capacity?	 Need a map of the system – key data points for each piece – and an updated tempo that works
Triage, load-leveling, and coordination across facilities	 Timely data for case coordination, collaboration between players,
Behavioral health surge	transparency
 management Broad, timely awareness of the BH system across continuum of care Including intake points Triage and load-leveling systems Coordination and operational capabilities Unique and innovative strategies to provide care 	 All the above, plus coordination and problem-solving frameworks Problem starts here → then goes here → and then goes here Where do we go when we can't solve it? (escalation) Interagency buy-in

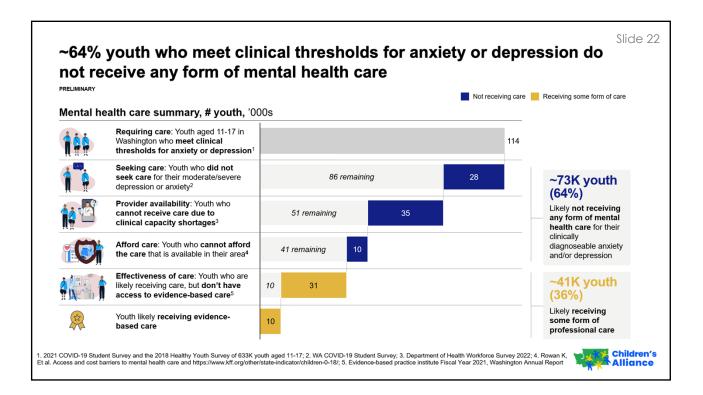


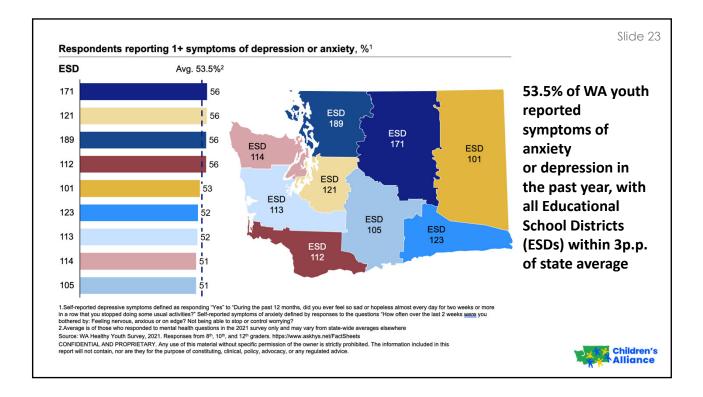




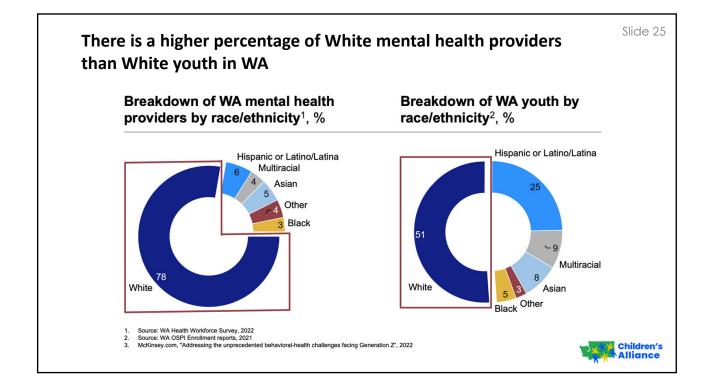


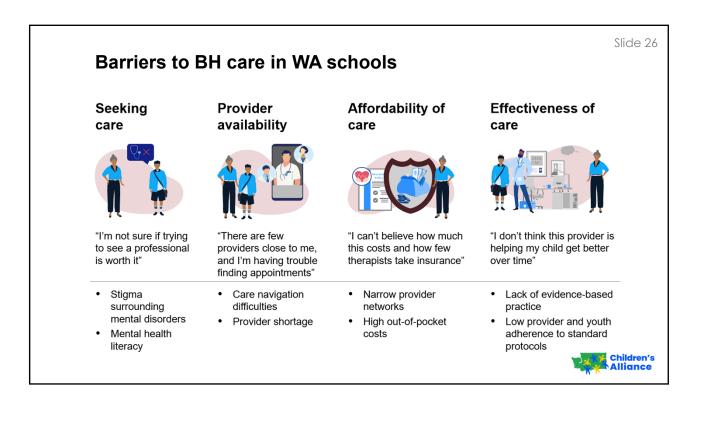
	WA youth are facing a "children's mental health crisis", ¹ with ~20% of WA adolescents experiencing a major depressive episode each year (vs ~16% national average) ² (~ <i>"approximately"</i>)	
	~58% of youth in WA grades 8-12 experience symptoms of anxiety or depression ³	
Þ	Anxiety and depression make up the highest relative MH disease burden among youth (62%) and have high co-morbidity ⁴	
B	Across all of WA, there is a similar rate of youth reporting symptoms of depression or anxiety with all ESDs within 3p.p. of the reported state average ⁵	
	Not all youth exhibit MH symptoms equally, with multiracial, non-heterosexual, female, and transgender youth self-reporting rates of depression/anxiety symptoms >25pp higher than youth those that identify as one race, heterosexual, male, and cisgender ⁶	
	Rural areas , which hold ~40% of WA youth, experience the largest gap in MH providers , containing ~3x fewer youth MH providers per capita than urban areas ⁷	

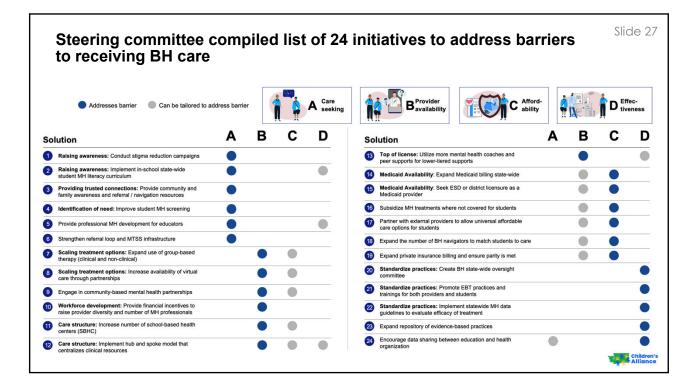




Slide 24 Variation in self-reported rates of anxiety and depression across demographics WA youth Self-reported rate of symptoms of breakdown, % Demographic depression or anxiety, % Takeaways White or Caucasian 56 Race/ ethnicity Hispanic or Latino / Latina 17% 53 More than one 16% Highest self-reported rates of depression or anxiety symptoms by race are in multi-racial respondents 63 Asian or Asian American 51 8% Black or African-American -3% 51 American Indian or Alaskan native -2% 59 Pacific Islander -1% 60 Other -4% 55 26 p.p. higher rates of depression or anxiety symptoms reported by Gender 60 Female (cisgender) 34 Male (cisgender) 45% cisgender females vs. cisgender males Transgender 1% 86 19-26 p.p. higher rates of depression 79 Other -5% or anxiety symptoms reported by 'transgender' or 'other' vs. highest cisgender group (female) Heterosexual 44 Sexual 13% Bisexual 92 orientation Questioning / not sure -6% 78 Non-heterosexual youth report 34-49p.p. higher rates of depression or Gay or lesbian -4% 91 anxiety symptoms vs. heterosexual -6% youth Something else fits better 93 Self-reported depressive symptoms defined as responding "Yes" to "During the past 12 months, did you ever feel so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that you stopped doing some susial activities?" Self-exported symptoms of anxiety defined by responses to the questions "How othen over the last 2 weeks <u>weer</u> you bothered by: Feeling nervous, anxious or on edger No being able to shore or control worrying Children's Alliance Source: Healthy Youth Survey, 2018-21 (average of responses from grades 8, 10, and 12), U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates



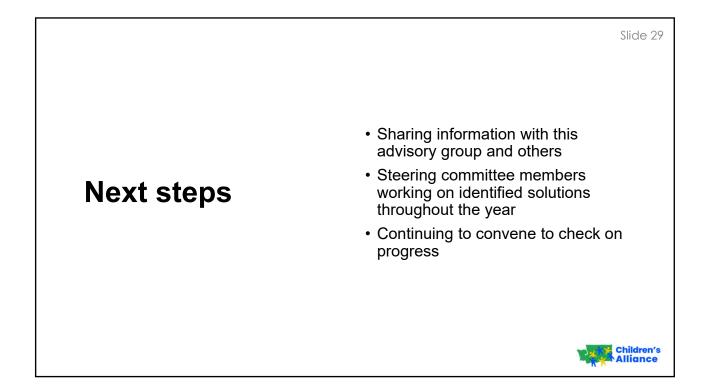




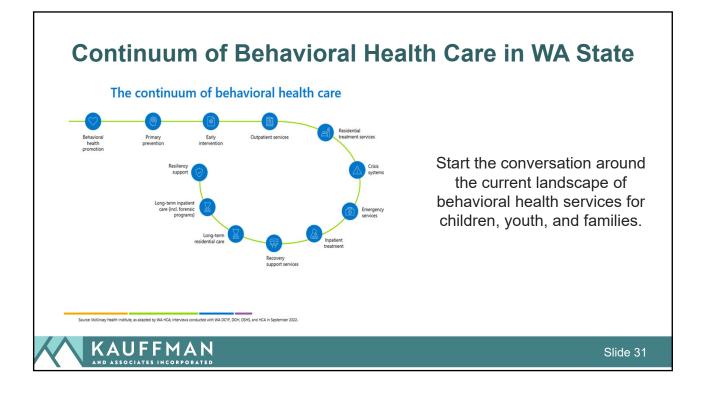
Next, Steering Committee identified a set of prioritized programs / solutions to advance in the near-term

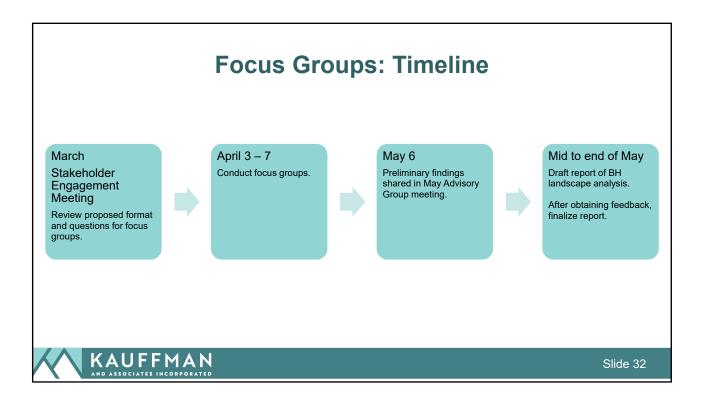
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Solution	Initiative description	Potential impact ¹ ('000s students)	Potential accountable stakeholder	Potential cost	Potential timeline
 Anti-stigma and MH education 	Conduct stigma reduction and MH education campaigns	1	Children's Alliance	<\$1M ²	6-12 months ²
2) Student MH curriculum	Implement MH materials into student curriculum	10-17 seek care (Includes solutions 1,2,4) ²	OSPI	\$0.5-2M ³	4-8 months ³
Ocreening, brief intervention, and referral	Implement statewide screening, brief intervention, and referral program to identify students with MH risk factors	•	PSESD	\$2-5M ²	6-9 months ²
7 Group-based care	Increase number of providers offering group-based MH care to allow more students to receive care	~12-25 increase in provider availability ⁴	UW SMART	TBD based on model	3-9 months ⁴
8) Virtual care	Implement statewide virtual MH care (e.g., telehealth) to increase provider availability and remove geographic barriers	2-7 increase in provider availability ⁵	AESD	\$4-8M⁵	3-6 months⁵
20 BH oversight committee	Create centralized MH committee to set statewide MH strategy and collectively drive implementation of key solutions	N/A - enabler	Children's Alliance	<\$1M ⁶	3-6 months ⁶
Total		14 – 32k students impacted		~\$7-17 M +	1 year











Break-out Group Discussion: Behavioral Health Care Continuum

Discussion Question:

1. How would you describe the current landscape of mental health and drug and alcohol treatment services for children, young adults, and their families?

Icebreaker Question:

1. What is one thing you do to take care of yourself?





DATES	TOPIC(S)	TIME
May 4	 Initiate discussion around a shared vision for PN-25 behavioral health services Identify obstacles, barriers, challenges preventing our future vision 	3 – 5 p.m. PDT
July 6	Identify obstacles, barriers, challenges preventing our future vision	3 – 5 p.m. PDT
September 7	 Develop strategic directions, goals and objectives that address the root causes of the obstacles, barriers and challenges 	3 – 5 p.m. PDT
November 2	 Develop strategic directions, goals and objectives that address the root causes of the obstacles, barriers and challenges 	3 – 5 p.m. PDT



Information is open to feedback and may change.



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