

WASHINGTON STATE COMMON MEASURE SET
FOR HEALTH CARE QUALITY AND COST

Performance Results for Accountable Communities of Health

www.WACommunityCheckup.org

DECEMBER 2015



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Introduction

Washington State is working to establish nine Accountable Communities of Health (ACHs). These are diverse, multi-sector organizations that recognize and build upon innovation and collaboration already occurring in local communities. Their purpose is to:

- Establish collaborative decision-making on a regional basis to improve health and health systems, focusing on social determinants of health, clinical-community linkages, and whole person care.
- Bring together all sectors that contribute to health to develop shared priorities and coordinate strategies for population health, including improved health care delivery systems.
- Drive the integration of physical and behavioral health care by making financing and delivery system adjustments, starting with Medicaid.

As shown in the map below, all of Washington's 39 counties are included in an ACH. ACHs are intended to be the "connective tissue" that focuses and leverages the strengths and resources of participating regional partners. ACHs provide a forum to support collaborative decision-making and action. ACHs are a foundational component of Healthier Washington, which aims to transform the health system in the state to bring better health, better care and lower costs to Washington residents.

Washington State's Common Measure Set on Health Care Quality and Cost

Significant variation on key indicators of health care performance among geographic regions, without clear explanation related to illness burden, can be a signal of poor quality, or at the very least, an important opportunity for

improvement. In a highly functioning health care delivery system, everyone would receive a similar high level of evidence-based care for the same condition. However, we know this is not the case in Washington and elsewhere around the country.

An important first step in reducing variation is measuring it and broadly sharing results to develop a common understanding of what needs to improve and where it needs to improve. The goal of this report is to highlight how ACHs perform and compare across a common set of measures. This report can serve as a baseline for future reporting.

The measures included in this report are all included in Washington State's Common Measure Set on Health Care Quality and Cost. The Common Measure Set, implemented for the first time in 2015, is a "starter set" of 52 measures that enables a common way of tracking important elements of health and health care performance. Reviewing the results will help ACHs determine how well health care and community systems are performing and will enable a shared understanding of areas to target for improvement. Most measures in the Common Measure Set are endorsed by the National Quality Forum and are maintained by well-recognized organizations such as the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) and the U.S. Agency for Health Research and Quality (AHRQ). Measures are focused on access to primary care, prevention, acute care and chronic care. Because the measures are largely standardized and nationally vetted, it is possible to compare the performance of Washington State to national benchmarks, as well to conduct comparisons such as among counties, ACHs, medical groups and clinics, and hospitals.

Aligned efforts will have a greater impact

The Washington State Health Care Authority, as first mover, has already taken steps to incorporate the Common Measure Set into its contracts with health plans and provider organizations. Over time, the expectation is that private and other public purchasers as well as health plans will adopt the Common Measure Set, building the measures directly into value-based health care contracts with doctors and hospitals. As part of the Healthier Washington initiative, Washington aims to drive 80 percent of state-financed health care and 50 percent of the commercial market to value-based payment by 2020. Gaining multi-organization alignment around the state's Common Measure Set will clarify our collective understanding of health care value and send a clearer market signal regarding purchaser and payer expectations for performance on key indicators.

Accountable Communities of Health are expected to support this alignment effort. As regional conveners of key stakeholders that influence local health and health care, ACHs are well-positioned to prioritize and take action on these measures of performance by leveraging all those around the “ACH table.” Some with a strong focus on population health have questioned whether the measures included in the Common Measure Set are too clinically focused (e.g., measuring whether HbA1c testing has occurred regularly in the doctor's office for patients with diabetes). However, it is important to note that the measures largely focus on health conditions that *are* of significant concern for population health – in this example, diabetes – and ACHs are in a good position to understand how improving clinical-community linkages can positively impact prevalence of disease, such as avoiding complications from disease. Because the Common Measure Set utilizes the same measures across communities, health plans, medical groups, clinics and hospitals, this alignment can drive health systems transformation through coordination of expectations, priorities, resources and actions.

Because the Common Measure Set will be updated each year, there will be an opportunity for ACHs to provide feedback into and influence the inclusion of specific measures that are priorities for them. The Common Measure Set is intended to be a foundation, not an exhaustive list of measures. Additional

measures may be used by ACHs that reflect local concerns or address known issues specific to local populations.

About the results

By and large, most variation in health care is unwarranted. That is especially true for the measures in this report, which are broadly accepted as the standard of care that patients should receive. Yet, as this report illustrates, the care patients receive can fluctuate widely depending on where they live. Unfortunately, not all health care is equally good. It's also true that no one ACH is good at everything. Every ACH has room for improvement. The goal of this report is to provide objective data that allow ACHs to identify where they have room for improvement—and cause for celebration—and to strategize about the steps that they want to take to improve care and replicate successes. As such, the Alliance hopes that these results can help ACHs with the important role that they play in transforming our health care system.

Results are displayed whenever an ACH has at least 30 cases in its measure results. Our current data submissions are missing key claims information for Clark County Medicaid enrollees that allow for accurate calculation of the Access to Care measures. As a result, Access to Care results for Medicaid are omitted for the Southwest Washington Regional Health Alliance.

Results labeled “General Population” come from the WA State Department of Health, CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring Survey (PRAMS), Washington Immunization System (WaiIS), Washington State Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) and WA State Health Care Authority.

To receive a score of **better**, an ACH must have a rate that is statistically better than the statewide average (e.g. the confidence interval around its rate must wholly above the statewide rate); to receive a score of **worse**, the ACH rate must be statistically worse than the statewide rate. The only measure that has a different scoring logic is the 30-day all-cause hospital readmissions because this measure has risk adjustment applied. For detailed information about this measure, please see the [Community Checkup website](#). For more information about the measures, including data source and measurement period, see [Technical Specifications for Community Checkup Measures](#).



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Comparison of Accountable Communities of Health - Commercially Insured

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Access to Care									
Adult access to preventive/ ambulatory care - ages 20–44	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	AVERAGE
State average:	90%								
Adult access to preventive/ ambulatory care - ages 45–64	AVERAGE	BETTER	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	95%								
Adult access to preventive/ ambulatory care - ages 65+	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	97%								
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE
State average:	94%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	BETTER	WORSE	BETTER	WORSE
State average:	81%								
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	BETTER	AVERAGE	BETTER	WORSE	BETTER	WORSE
State average:	85%								
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE
State average:	84%								
Asthma and COPD									
Use of appropriate medication	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	91%								
Hospitalization for COPD or asthma	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE
State average:	92 per 100,000								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	39%								
Depression									
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	70%								
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	54%								
Diabetes									
Blood sugar (HbA1c) test	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	BETTER	WORSE	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE
State average:	87%								
Eye exam	BETTER	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	64%								
Kidney disease screening	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE
State average:	84%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Generic Prescription Drugs									
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	AVERAGE	BETTER	BETTER	WORSE	WORSE
State average:	87%								
Antidepressants	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	96%								
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	WORSE	BETTER	BETTER	WORSE	BETTER	BETTER	BETTER	WORSE	AVERAGE
State average:	67%								
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	WORSE	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	BETTER
State average:	90%								
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE
State average:	94%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Health Screenings									
Adolescent well-care visits	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE
State average:	37%								
Screening for breast cancer	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE			
State average:	74%								
Screening for cervical cancer	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE				
State average:	75%								
Screening for chlamydia	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE
State average:	36%								
Screening for colon cancer	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE
State average:	63%								
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE
State average:	63%								
Heart Disease									
Cholesterol-lowering medication	■ AVERAGE								
State average:	78%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
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Medication Adherence and Safety

Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins) ● BETTER ■ AVERAGE ▼ WORSE ■ AVERAGE

State average: 74%

Adherence for diabetes medications ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ● BETTER ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE

State average: 64%

Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists) ● BETTER ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ▼ WORSE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE

State average: 78%

Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications ■ AVERAGE ▼ WORSE ▼ WORSE ● BETTER ■ AVERAGE ● BETTER ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ▼ WORSE

State average: 77%

Potentially Avoidable Care

30-day all-cause hospital readmissions ■ AVERAGE ▼ WORSE ● BETTER ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ■ AVERAGE ● BETTER ▼ WORSE ▼ WORSE

State average: 9%

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	 WORSE	 WORSE	 BETTER	 WORSE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 BETTER
State average:	76%								
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 AVERAGE
State average:	31%								
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 WORSE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE
State average:	92%								
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 BETTER
State average:	81%								
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE
State average:	10%								

Comparison of Accountable Communities of Health - Medicaid Insured

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Access to Care									
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	N/A
State average:	83%								
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	N/A
State average:	85%								
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 WORSE	 WORSE	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 AVERAGE	N/A
State average:	83%								
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	N/A
State average:	94%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	WORSE	WORSE	AVERAGE	BETTER	N/A	
State average:	81%									
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	N/A	
State average:	84%									
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	BETTER	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	BETTER	N/A	
State average:	84%									
Asthma and COPD										
Use of appropriate medication	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	BETTER
State average:	82%									
Hospitalization COPD or asthma	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	BETTER	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	
State average:	600 per 100,000									

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	23%								
Depression									
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	BETTER	AVERAGE
State average:	47%								
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE
State average:	33%								
Diabetes									
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	WORSE	BETTER	WORSE	AVERAGE	WORSE
State average:	53%								
Eye exam	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	61%								
Kidney disease screening	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE
State average:	53%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Generic Prescription Drugs									
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE
State average:	85%								
Antidepressants	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE
State average:	97%								
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE
State average:	71%								
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE
State average:	92%								
Medication for high blood pressure (anti-hypertensives)	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	● BETTER
State average:	95%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Health Screenings									
Adolescent well-care visits	AVERAGE	WORSE	WORSE	BETTER	BETTER	WORSE	WORSE	BETTER	WORSE
State average:	39%								
Screening for breast cancer	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE
State average:	25%								
Screening for cervical cancer	BETTER	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER
State average:	69%								
Screening for chlamydia	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	51%								
Screening for colon cancer	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
State average:	44%								
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	WORSE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	WORSE	WORSE	WORSE	WORSE	AVERAGE
State average:	57%								
Heart Disease									
Cholesterol-lowering medication	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	BETTER	AVERAGE
State average:	17%								

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
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Medication Adherence and Safety

Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE
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State average: 61%

Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE
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State average: 48%

Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE
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State average: 61%

Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE
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State average: 73%

Potentially Avoidable Care

Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	 WORSE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 BETTER	 BETTER	 BETTER
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State average: 66%

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	N/A	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	N/A
State average:	27%								
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 BETTER	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 BETTER	 BETTER
State average:	92%								
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE	 AVERAGE
State average:	79%								
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	 WORSE	 WORSE	 BETTER	 BETTER	 BETTER	 WORSE	 WORSE	 AVERAGE
State average:	13%								

Comparison of Accountable Communities of Health – General Population

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance	
Immunizations¹										
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	● BETTER	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	
State average:	58%									
Childhood immunization status by age 2	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	● BETTER	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	
State average:	33%									
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	● BETTER	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	
State average:	15%									
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	● BETTER	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	
State average:	21%									

¹ Data Source: Washington State Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, supported in part by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Cooperative Agreement U58/SO000047-02, -03.

Measure Name	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia	King	North Central	North Sound	Olympic	Pierce	SW WA Regional Health Alliance
Influenza immunization	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	● BETTER	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE
State average:	55%								
Mental Health and Depression									
Adult mental health status	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE
State average:	12%								
Oral health and Tobacco Use									
Adult tobacco use	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE
State average:	17%								
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	■ AVERAGE	● BETTER	▼ WORSE	■ AVERAGE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	▼ WORSE	● BETTER	■ AVERAGE
State average:	7%								

Better Health Together (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	91%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	96%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	95%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 AVERAGE	81%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 AVERAGE	85%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	86%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	91%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	104/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	37%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	72%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	55%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 BETTER	69%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 AVERAGE	85%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	83%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 WORSE	64%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 BETTER	96%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 BETTER	92%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 BETTER	93%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 BETTER	39%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 BETTER	77%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 AVERAGE	76%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 BETTER	39%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	64%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 BETTER	67%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	77%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	77%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	66%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 BETTER	81%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 BETTER	77%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	28%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	10%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	67%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	80%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 AVERAGE	7%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	92%	95%
State average		92%	

Cascade Pacific Action Alliance (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	90%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 BETTER	96%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	98%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 WORSE	87%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 WORSE	74%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 WORSE	81%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 WORSE	82%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	90%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	105/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	35%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	35%	52%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	57%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 BETTER	67%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 WORSE	83%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	83%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 AVERAGE	83%	90%
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	93%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 AVERAGE	88%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 AVERAGE	91%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 WORSE	33%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 WORSE	71%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 WORSE	72%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 WORSE	33%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 WORSE	61%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	55%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	80%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 WORSE	70%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	66%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	79%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	■ AVERAGE	74%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	■ AVERAGE	30%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	■ AVERAGE	11%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	▼ WORSE	67%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	■ AVERAGE	83%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	▼ WORSE	8%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 WORSE	90%	95%
State average		92%	

Greater Columbia (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	90%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 BETTER	96%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 BETTER	98%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	92%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 AVERAGE	80%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 WORSE	82%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	83%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	92%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	81/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	35%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 WORSE	67%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 WORSE	50%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	■ AVERAGE	62%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	▼ WORSE	83%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	▼ WORSE	79%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	● BETTER	71%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	■ AVERAGE	94%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	▼ WORSE	85%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	▼ WORSE	94%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	▼ WORSE	88%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	▼ WORSE	34%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	■ AVERAGE	73%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	▼ WORSE	71%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	▼ WORSE	32%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 WORSE	61%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	60%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	78%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 WORSE	75%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	63%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	79%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	74%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 WORSE	24%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	11%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	71%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	80%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 BETTER	6%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 WORSE	85%	95%
State average		92%	

King (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 BETTER	91%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	97%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	95%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 BETTER	82%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 BETTER	87%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	85%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 BETTER	92%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	84/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 BETTER	45%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	70%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	55%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	64%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 BETTER	88%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	85%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 WORSE	65%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	94%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 WORSE	86%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 WORSE	95%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 WORSE	89%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 BETTER	38%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 BETTER	76%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 BETTER	79%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	38%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 BETTER	66%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 BETTER	66%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	79%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 BETTER	79%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	63%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	78%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	74%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 BETTER	36%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 BETTER	9%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	83%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	81%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 AVERAGE	10%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 BETTER	95%	95%
State average		92%	

North Central (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	90%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 BETTER	99%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	96%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 AVERAGE	80%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 AVERAGE	83%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	86%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	89%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	82/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	43%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 WORSE	65%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	52%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	64%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 WORSE	84%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	84%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 BETTER	80%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 BETTER	96%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 AVERAGE	88%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 WORSE	88%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 AVERAGE	38%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 AVERAGE	73%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 WORSE	70%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	34%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 WORSE	56%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	57%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	75%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	76%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	61%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 WORSE	75%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	72%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	31%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 BETTER	8%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	61%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	83%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 AVERAGE	8%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

North Sound (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	90%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	97%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	94%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 BETTER	83%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 BETTER	86%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	85%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	90%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	91/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	41%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 WORSE	68%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 WORSE	52%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 WORSE	68%	75%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 BETTER	89%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	85%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 BETTER	72%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 BETTER	95%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 BETTER	89%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	97%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 BETTER	92%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 WORSE	35%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 WORSE	72%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 WORSE	73%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 WORSE	34%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 WORSE	61%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 AVERAGE	64%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	77%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 BETTER	79%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	65%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	78%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	75%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	32%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	9%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 AVERAGE	77%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	79%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 AVERAGE	8%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

Olympic (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 WORSE	88%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	97%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	91%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 WORSE	77%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 WORSE	83%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	83%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	91%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	61/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	43%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	72%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	57%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 BETTER	69%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 AVERAGE	87%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	85%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 BETTER	69%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	95%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 BETTER	91%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 AVERAGE	90%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 AVERAGE	36%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 WORSE	71%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 WORSE	71%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	39%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 WORSE	61%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	58%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	78%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	76%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 BETTER	70%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	80%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	75%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	30%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	11%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 AVERAGE	76%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	81%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 BETTER	7%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

Pierce (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	WORSE	89%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	AVERAGE	97%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	AVERAGE	95%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	BETTER	83%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	BETTER	87%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	84%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	90%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 WORSE	132/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	44%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	69%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	53%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	■ AVERAGE	63%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	■ AVERAGE	88%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	■ AVERAGE	84%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	▼ WORSE	64%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	▼ WORSE	93%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	▼ WORSE	85%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	■ AVERAGE	96%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	▼ WORSE	88%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	● BETTER	39%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	▼ WORSE	72%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	▼ WORSE	73%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	■ AVERAGE	37%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	62%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 AVERAGE	63%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	79%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	78%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	65%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	77%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 WORSE	72%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 WORSE	27%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	10%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	83%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 WORSE	78%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 WORSE	9%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

SW WA Regional Health Alliance (Commercial)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	■ AVERAGE	89%	95%
State average		90%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	■ AVERAGE	95%	97%
State average		95%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	■ AVERAGE	97%	99%
State average		97%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	▼ WORSE	85%	99%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	▼ WORSE	71%	96%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	▼ WORSE	79%	97%
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 WORSE	79%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	94%	94%
State average		91%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	78/100000	
State average		92/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	34%	52%
State average		39%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	69%	75%
State average		70%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	53%	60%
State average		54%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	60%	70%
State average		64%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 WORSE	76%	94%
State average		87%	
Kidney disease screening	 WORSE	80%	90%
State average		84%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 AVERAGE	66%	
State average		67%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 WORSE	91%	
State average		94%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 WORSE	82%	
State average		87%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		96%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 BETTER	91%	
State average		90%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 WORSE	29%	62%
State average		37%	
Screening for breast cancer	 WORSE	71%	80%
State average		74%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 WORSE	71%	82%
State average		75%	
Screening for chlamydia	 WORSE	30%	60%
State average		36%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	60%	72%
State average		63%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	56%	87%
State average		63%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	74%	
State average		78%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 WORSE	65%	86%
State average		77%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	64%	
State average		64%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	76%	
State average		78%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	77%	
State average		74%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	31%	38%
State average		31%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	8%	
State average		12%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	95%	92%
State average		76%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 BETTER	87%	83%
State average		81%	
30-day all-cause hospital readmissions	 WORSE	9%	
State average		9%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	94%	95%
State average		92%	

Better Health Together (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 AVERAGE	84%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	86%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 WORSE	80%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	95%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 AVERAGE	82%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 AVERAGE	86%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 BETTER	86%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	83%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	500/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	20%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	47%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	36%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	■ AVERAGE	59%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	■ AVERAGE	55%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	■ AVERAGE	55%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	▼ WORSE	61%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	● BETTER	97%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	▼ WORSE	81%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	97%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 BETTER	95%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 AVERAGE	39%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	 AVERAGE	28%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 BETTER	74%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	51%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	■ AVERAGE	42%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	▼ WORSE	55%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	■ AVERAGE	15%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	■ AVERAGE	73%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	■ AVERAGE	50%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	■ AVERAGE	64%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 BETTER	72%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	20%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	14%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	56%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	76%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	91%	95%
State average		92%	

Cascade Pacific Action Alliance (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 WORSE	80%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	81%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 WORSE	80%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	94%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 AVERAGE	81%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 AVERAGE	84%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	84%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	80%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 WORSE	1330/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	16%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	44%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	33%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	61%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 AVERAGE	55%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	54%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 AVERAGE	70%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 BETTER	90%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 AVERAGE	93%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 WORSE	37%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	 WORSE	16%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 AVERAGE	68%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	50%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	43%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 AVERAGE	59%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	15%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	76%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	51%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	63%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	64%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	32%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 WORSE	14%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 WORSE	60%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	77%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	91%	95%
State average		92%	

Greater Columbia (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 BETTER	85%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	85%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	84%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	93%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 AVERAGE	80%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 WORSE	83%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 WORSE	82%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	83%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	857/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	22%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 WORSE	39%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	30%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	63%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 AVERAGE	51%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	54%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 BETTER	76%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	95%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 AVERAGE	86%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	■ AVERAGE	96%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	■ AVERAGE	94%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	▼ WORSE	35%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	■ AVERAGE	25%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	■ AVERAGE	67%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	■ AVERAGE	53%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	42%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 AVERAGE	56%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	18%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	78%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	42%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	58%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	62%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	25%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 WORSE	14%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 AVERAGE	65%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	79%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 WORSE	86%	95%
State average		92%	

King (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	AVERAGE	84%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	AVERAGE	86%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	BETTER	86%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	AVERAGE	95%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	BETTER	84%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	BETTER	88%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 BETTER	86%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	84%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 BETTER	408/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	25%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	44%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	31%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 BETTER	64%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 BETTER	56%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	54%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 BETTER	72%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	95%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 AVERAGE	86%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 AVERAGE	92%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 BETTER	43%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	 AVERAGE	27%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 AVERAGE	70%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	53%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	47%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 BETTER	63%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	17%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	73%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	48%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	65%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	59%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	30%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 BETTER	12%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 AVERAGE	67%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	80%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 BETTER	95%	95%
State average		92%	

North Central (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 BETTER	87%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	87%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	82%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	94%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 WORSE	74%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 AVERAGE	83%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	AVERAGE	84%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	AVERAGE	83%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	BETTER	69/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	AVERAGE	32%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	AVERAGE	45%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	AVERAGE	31%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	57%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 WORSE	41%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	52%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 AVERAGE	73%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 BETTER	97%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 WORSE	80%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	96%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 WORSE	86%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 BETTER	44%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	 AVERAGE	22%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 AVERAGE	66%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	 WORSE	44%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	■ AVERAGE	36%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	▼ WORSE	55%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	■ AVERAGE	13%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	■ AVERAGE	75%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	■ AVERAGE	42%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	■ AVERAGE	60%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	57%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis			
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 BETTER	11%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 AVERAGE	64%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	81%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

North Sound (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	■ AVERAGE	84%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	■ AVERAGE	87%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	■ AVERAGE	82%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	▼ WORSE	92%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	▼ WORSE	79%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	▼ WORSE	82%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 WORSE	82%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	82%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	421/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	26%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	44%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	30%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 BETTER	65%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HbA1c) test	 BETTER	59%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	56%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 BETTER	78%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 AVERAGE	94%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 BETTER	89%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	■ AVERAGE	97%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	▼ WORSE	89%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	▼ WORSE	35%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	■ AVERAGE	25%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	■ AVERAGE	69%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	■ AVERAGE	50%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	40%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	54%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	19%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	73%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	52%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	63%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	58%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	22%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 BETTER	12%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	75%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	83%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

Olympic (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	■ AVERAGE	82%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	■ AVERAGE	87%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	▼ WORSE	79%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	■ AVERAGE	94%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	■ AVERAGE	80%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	■ AVERAGE	83%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 AVERAGE	84%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 BETTER	88%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	950/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	24%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 BETTER	56%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	39%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	■ AVERAGE	64%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	▼ WORSE	47%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	■ AVERAGE	57%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	● BETTER	77%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	● BETTER	97%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	● BETTER	93%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	■ AVERAGE	98%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	■ AVERAGE	90%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	▼ WORSE	36%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	▼ WORSE	19%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	■ AVERAGE	67%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	■ AVERAGE	48%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	41%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 WORSE	53%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 BETTER	26%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	74%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	48%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	58%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	62%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 BETTER	43%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 WORSE	15%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	75%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	76%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 AVERAGE	93%	95%
State average		92%	

Pierce (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44	 WORSE	81%	87%
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64	 AVERAGE	83%	92%
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+	 AVERAGE	84%	92%
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months	 AVERAGE	94%	98%
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years	 BETTER	82%	93%
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years	 AVERAGE	85%	96%
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years	 BETTER	85%	95%
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 AVERAGE	82%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	630/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	20%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 BETTER	53%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 BETTER	38%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	■ AVERAGE	59%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	■ AVERAGE	56%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	● BETTER	58%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	▼ WORSE	68%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	▼ WORSE	92%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	▼ WORSE	79%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	97%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 AVERAGE	93%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 BETTER	41%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	 AVERAGE	22%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 BETTER	71%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	 AVERAGE	54%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	 AVERAGE	44%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	 AVERAGE	57%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	 AVERAGE	16%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	 AVERAGE	75%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	 AVERAGE	50%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	 AVERAGE	56%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	57%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	 AVERAGE	24%	40%
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 WORSE	15%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	76%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	76%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 BETTER	94%	95%
State average		92%	

SW WA Regional Health Alliance (Medicaid)

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Access to Care			
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 20–44		N/A	
State average		83%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 45–64		N/A	
State average		85%	
Adult access to preventive/ambulatory care - ages 65+		N/A	
State average		83%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–24 months		N/A	
State average		94%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 2–6 years		N/A	
State average		81%	
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 7–11 years		N/A	
State average		84%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Child and adolescent access to primary care - ages 12–19 years		N/A	
State average		84%	
Asthma and COPD			
Use of appropriate medication	 BETTER	89%	91%
State average		82%	
Hospitalization for chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) or asthma	 AVERAGE	997/100000	
State average		601/100000	
Use of spirometry testing in the assessment and diagnosis of COPD	 AVERAGE	29%	41%
State average		23%	
Depression			
Antidepressant medication (12 weeks)	 AVERAGE	40%	63%
State average		47%	
Antidepressant medication (6 months)	 AVERAGE	29%	48%
State average		33%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Diabetes			
Eye exam	 AVERAGE	65%	68%
State average		61%	
Blood sugar (HBA1c) test	 WORSE	43%	92%
State average		53%	
Kidney disease screening	 AVERAGE	49%	88%
State average		53%	
Generic Prescription Drugs			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder drugs	 WORSE	66%	
State average		71%	
Medication for high blood pressure (antihypertensives)	 BETTER	97%	
State average		95%	
Antacid medication (proton pump inhibitors)	 AVERAGE	88%	
State average		85%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Antidepressants	 AVERAGE	97%	
State average		97%	
Cholesterol-lowering drugs (statins)	 AVERAGE	91%	
State average		92%	
Health Screenings			
Adolescent well-care visits	 WORSE	25%	67%
State average		39%	
Screening for breast cancer	 AVERAGE	27%	71%
State average		25%	
Screening for cervical cancer	 WORSE	38%	73%
State average		69%	
Screening for chlamydia	 WORSE	37%	69%
State average		51%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Screening for colon cancer	■ AVERAGE	55%	
State average		44%	
Well-child visits - ages 3 - 6 years	▼ WORSE	39%	84%
State average		57%	
Heart Disease			
Cholesterol-lowering medication	■ AVERAGE	12%	
State average		17%	
Medication Adherence and Safety			
Medication safety - monitoring patients on hypertension medications	▼ WORSE	45%	92%
State average		73%	
Adherence for diabetes medications	■ AVERAGE	45%	
State average		48%	
Adherence for hypertension medications (RAS antagonists)	▼ WORSE	47%	
State average		61%	

Measure Name	Score	Rate	NCQA National 90th Percentile Benchmark*
Adherence for cholesterol medications (statins)	 AVERAGE	55%	
State average		61%	
Potentially Avoidable Care			
Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis			
State average		27%	
Potentially avoidable ER visits	 AVERAGE	12%	
State average		13%	
Appropriate testing for children with pharyngitis	 BETTER	80%	85%
State average		66%	
Avoidance of x-ray, MRI and CT scan for low back pain	 AVERAGE	82%	83%
State average		79%	
Avoidance of antibiotics for common cold	 BETTER	97%	95%
State average		92%	

Better Health Together (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	▼ WORSE	45%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	▼ WORSE	21%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	▼ WORSE	9%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	▼ WORSE	14%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	▼ WORSE	51%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	■ AVERAGE	11%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	 AVERAGE	19%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	 AVERAGE	7%
State average		7%

Cascade Pacific Action Alliance (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	■ AVERAGE	58%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	▼ WORSE	27%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	■ AVERAGE	15%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	■ AVERAGE	22%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	▼ WORSE	54%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	■ AVERAGE	14%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	 WORSE	21%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	 BETTER	19%
State average		7%

Greater Columbia (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	 BETTER	62%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	 BETTER	36%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	 BETTER	19%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	 BETTER	25%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	 BETTER	56%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	 AVERAGE	10%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	■ AVERAGE	16%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	▼ WORSE	2%
State average		7%

King (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	 BETTER	63%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	 BETTER	42%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	 BETTER	17%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	 BETTER	24%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	 BETTER	57%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	 AVERAGE	11%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	 BETTER	13%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	 AVERAGE	8%
State average		7%

North Central (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	 BETTER	70%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	 BETTER	42%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	 BETTER	23%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	 BETTER	28%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	 BETTER	62%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	 AVERAGE	9%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	■ AVERAGE	17%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	▼ WORSE	4%
State average		7%

North Sound (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	 WORSE	53%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	 WORSE	30%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	 WORSE	12%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	 WORSE	17%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	 AVERAGE	55%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	 AVERAGE	12%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	■ AVERAGE	18%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	▼ WORSE	4%
State average		7%

Olympic (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	▼ WORSE	55%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	▼ WORSE	27%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	▼ WORSE	13%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	■ AVERAGE	19%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	▼ WORSE	53%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	■ AVERAGE	14%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	■ AVERAGE	21%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	▼ WORSE	4%
State average		7%

Pierce (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	 BETTER	60%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	 WORSE	26%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	 AVERAGE	17%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	 AVERAGE	21%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	 WORSE	54%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	 AVERAGE	13%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	 WORSE	20%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	 BETTER	13%
State average		7%

SW WA Regional Health Alliance (General Population)

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Immunizations		
Adolescent immunization status by age 13	▼ WORSE	52%
State average		58%
Childhood immunization status by age 2	▼ WORSE	30%
State average		33%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent boys	▼ WORSE	13%
State average		15%
Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine for adolescent girls	■ AVERAGE	19%
State average		21%
Influenza immunization	▼ WORSE	53%
State average		55%
Mental Health and Depression		
Adult mental health status	■ AVERAGE	12%
State average		12%

Measure Name	Score	Rate
Oral Health and Tobacco Use		
Adult tobacco use	■ AVERAGE	17%
State average		17%
Oral health - primary caries prevention for children by primary care	■ AVERAGE	6%
State average		7%

ABOUT HEALTHIER WASHINGTON

Healthier Washington will transform health care in Washington State so that people experience better health during their lives, receive better care when they need it, and care is more affordable and accessible. HW is in the early stages of a five-year Health Care Innovation Plan that has brought together hundreds of people from many communities to put the best solutions to work for the people of our state. This work will improve the quality of life for everyone regardless of their income, education or background. The Healthier Washington initiative will:

1. Build healthier communities and people through prevention and early attention to disease
2. Integrate care and social supports for individuals who have both behavioral and physical health needs
3. Reward quality health care over quantity, with state government leading by example as Washington's largest purchaser of health care

The effort to transform Washington's health care system is one of the largest efforts of its kind and guided by the principle that no one individual or organization alone can make it happen. Working together, we can achieve better health and better care at lower cost for Washington's residents.

ABOUT THE WASHINGTON HEALTH ALLIANCE

The Washington Health Alliance is a place where stakeholders work collaboratively to transform Washington state's health care system for the better. The Alliance brings together organizations that share a commitment to drive change in our health care system by offering a forum for critical conversation and aligned efforts by stakeholders: purchasers, providers, health plans, consumers and other health care partners. The Alliance believes strongly in transparency and offers trusted and credible reporting of progress on measures of health care quality and value. The Alliance is a nonpartisan 501(c)(3) nonprofit with more than 185 member organizations. A cornerstone of the Alliance's work is the Community Checkup, a report to the public comparing the performance of medical groups, hospitals and health plans and offering a community-level view on important measures of health care quality (www.wacommunitycheckup.org).

PUBLISHED: December 2015

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