

Maximizing Pre-Booking Diversion & Building Consensus after Blake

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A pathway to care

LEAD tackles one of our most complex social challenges.



- Organizes systems stakeholders to better serve people whose unlawful or problematic conduct stems from unmet behavioral health needs and chronic poverty
- Reduces involvement in unlawful and problematic behavior
- Wraparound care that meets people where they are and stays with them as long as it takes; coordination with police
- Improves stability, social connection, and overall well-being



We're making progress together

SB 5476 named the LEAD model as the basis for pre-booking diversion statewide.



- In LEAD, everybody is part of the solution
- Attention to fidelity helps accelerate the learning curve
- Investments have laid the foundation
- Despite widespread support, LEAD in Washington State is not yet operating at scale.



Emerging successes

Sites implementing with fidelity to LEAD principles have flourished around the state, including:

Strong LEAD and AJA Sites include: Burien (LEAD) Makah Tribe (LEAD) Mason County (LEAD) Olympia (AJA) Port Angeles (AJA) Puyallup Tribe (LEAD) Seattle (LEAD) **Snohomish County** (LEAD/RNP) Walla Walla (AJA/RNP) Whatcom County (LEAD/RNP)



Emerging successes

LEAD concepts are appealing to leaders across the state



Emerging LEAD & RNP Sites include:

Algona	Asotin County
(requesting LEAD)	(RNP)
Benton/Franklin Counties (RNP)	Des Moines (requesting LEAD)
Island County	Kittitas County
(RNP)	(RNP)
Lewis County	Pacific County
(RNP)	(RNP)
Skagit County (RNP)	



How it began

Genesis of LEAD



In 2011, seeing stark racial disparities in Seattle drug arrests, stakeholders grappled with three questions:

- 1. What if jail & prosecution were a last resort?
- 2. What if officers had another option?
- 3. Could a new approach yield better outcomes for everybody?

From this, LEAD emerged as the nation's first prebooking diversion initiative.



Shifting paradigms

A framework, not a "program"



LEAD is not a "program":

- Builds support for a new approach through every-day partnerships
- Engages legal system stakeholders as part of the change
- Provides a framework for information-sharing & care coordination
- Reserves legal system resources for where they are needed



Collective impact

Distributed leadership: sharing power & restoring community



Shared governance is a runway for systems change:

- Robust and inclusive Policy Coordinating Group (governing body)
- Broad and engaged Operations Work Group (line staff & supervisors)
- Active and meaningful Community Leadership Team
- Shared policies, procedures, implementation, and oversight



The mechanics

LEAD works in diverse circumstances.



Three types of referrals into LEAD....

- Arrest diversion
- Social contact referral
- Community referral

... three front doors, all leading to harm reduction case management & care coordination, without a pre-defined time limit



Case management

The LEAD care model



- Participant-driven
- Field-based
- Trauma-informed
- Long-term (as needed)
- Relationship-based
- Very low-barrier access
- Rooted in evidence: stages of change, harm reduction, motivational interviewing



Systemic shifts

LEAD connects systems.



- Coordination among case managers, project managers and law enforcement is popular and effective.
- Cross-system collaboration increases capacity to improve public safety and public health.
- Strategizing together about responding to the felt priorities of neighborhoods & businesses increases satisfaction.



Opportunities for improvement

Fidelity to the LEAD model makes a difference.



Fidelity to the model is key.

- LEAD has been replicated across the country and around the world.
- When implemented without core concepts, it can falter.
- This can be remedied with increased fidelity.



The takeaways

Summing up

- 1. LEAD is intended to increase public order and reduce crime while also recognizing and redressing racial disparities.
- 2. LEAD gathers diverse stakeholders to build a shared runway for systems change.
- 3. Fidelity to the model is crucial to success and sustainability.



Discussion

Ask us anything!

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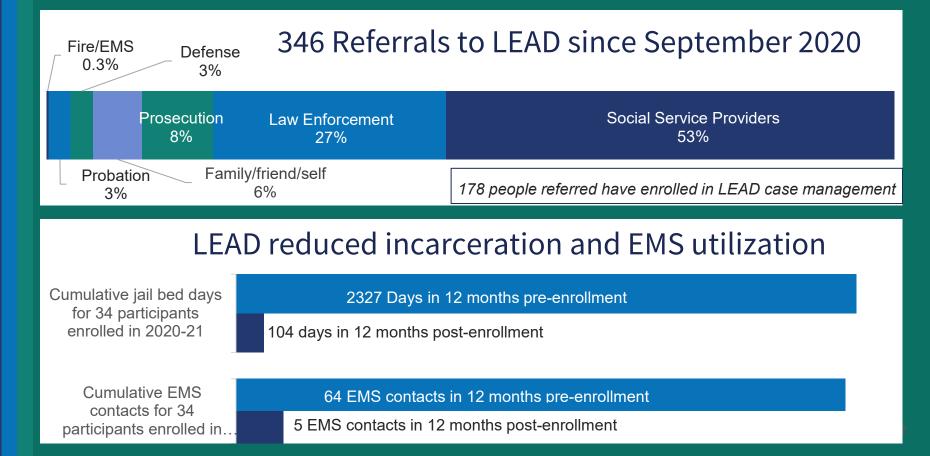
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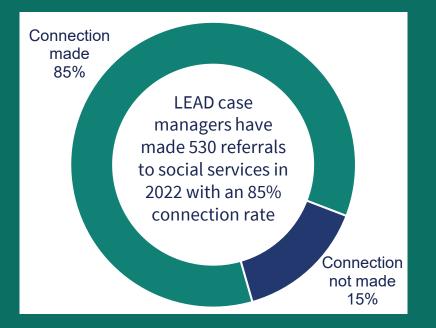
Spotlight: LEAD Progress in Washington

Spotlight: Whatcom LEAD



Spotlight: Port Angeles LEAD

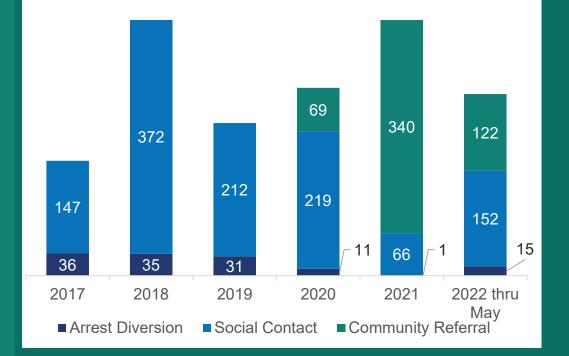
- Since July 2020: Over 500 people have been referred and assessed.
- Of these, 131 people have enrolled in intensive case management.



 Success of cross-sector collaboration has led to the creation of similar work groups with related focuses.

Spotlight: Seattle LEAD

After a "pandemic pause" in 2020-2021, police referrals have rebounded in 2022



- Since 2017, Seattle LEAD has averaged 308 unique referrals annually.
- 55% of all people referred enrolled in intensive case management.
- For 2022 as a whole, we anticipate 365 social contact referrals, 293 community referrals, and 36 arrest diversions

Spotlight: Walla Walla LEAD

- Walla Walla LEAD has received 193 referrals since December 2021, of which 14% were from law enforcement.
- As of June 30, 2022, 45 participants were actively engaged in LEAD case management.

Case managers completed 1,528 encounters in FY 2021-2022

Outreach encounters 34%

Case management encounters 63%

Collateral contacts 3%