Financial Management Group

Susan Birch, Director
MaryAnne Lindeblad, Medicaid Director
Health Care Authority
Post Office Box 45502
Olympia, Washington 98504-5010

RE: WA State Plan Amendment (SPA) Transmittal Number #18-0023 – Approval

Dear Ms. Birch and Ms. Lindeblad:

We have reviewed the proposed amendment to Attachments 4.19-B & D of your Medicaid State plan submitted under transmittal number (TN) 18-0023. This SPA updates the personal services fee schedule, the nursing facility budget dial rate, and the swing bed rate for SFY 2019, and clarifies the reimbursement policy for therapy services provided in nursing facilities.

We conducted our review of your submittal according to the statutory requirements at sections 1902(a)(2), 1902(a)(13), 1902(a)(30), 1903(a) and 1923 of the Social Security Act and the implementing Federal regulations at 42 CFR 447 Subpart C.

We are pleased to inform you that Medicaid State plan amendment 18-0023 is approved effective as of July 3, 2018. For your files, we are enclosing the HCFA-179 transmittal form and the amended plan pages.

If you have any questions concerning this state plan amendment, please contact Tom Couch, CMS’ RO NIRT Representative at 208-861-9838 or Thomas.Couch@cms.hhs.gov.

Sincerely,

Kristin Pan
Director

Enclosures
## TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF
## STATE PLAN MATERIAL

**FOR:** HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION

**TO:** REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR
HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### 5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (Check One):
- [ ] NEW STATE PLAN
- [ ] AMENDMENT TO BE CONSIDERED AS NEW PLAN
- [x] AMENDMENT

**COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THRU 10 IF THIS IS AN AMENDMENT (Separate Transmittal for each amendment)**

### 6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION:
Section 1905(a) of the Social Security Act

### 7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT:
- [a] FFY 2019: $0.00 8,379,882 2018 $7,453,000
- [b] FFY 2020: 6-9-2019 $29,569,000

### 8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT:
- Attachment 4.19-B page 32
- Attachment 4.19-D Part 1 pages 2, 6, 7, 16

**NOTE:**
1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER:
2. STATE Washington
3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (MEDICAID)
4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE: July 3, 2018

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### 11. GOVERNOR’S REVIEW (Check One):
- [ ] GOVERNOR’S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT
- [ ] COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR’S OFFICE ENCLOSED
- [ ] NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL
- [x] OTHER, AS SPECIFIED: Exempt

### 12. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL:
MARYANNE LINDEBLAD

### 13. TYPED NAME:
MARYANNE LINDEBLAD

### 14. TITLE:
MEDICAID DIRECTOR

### 15. DATE SUBMITTED:
9-1-18

### 16. RETURN TO:
Ann Myers
Office of Rules and Publications
Division of Legal Services
Health Care Authority
626 8th Ave SE MS: 42716
Olympia, WA 98504-2716

### 17. DATE RECEIVED:

### 18. DATE APPROVED:
NOV 05 2018

### 19. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL:
JUL 05 2018

### 20. SIGNATURE OF REGIONAL OFFICIAL:

### 21. TYPED NAME:
Kristin Fan

### 22. TITLE:
Director, FMG

### 23. REMARKS:
D/9/18 State authorized a P&I change to box 7.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State  WASHINGTON

POLICY AND METHODS USED IN ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR EACH OF THE OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE LISTED IN SECTION 1905 (A) OF THE ACT THAT IS INCLUDED IN THE PROGRAM UNDER THE PLAN (cont.)

XV. Personal Care Services (cont)

B. Service Rates

The fee schedule was last updated July 3, 2018, to be effective for dates of service on and after July 3, 2018.

Effective Jan. 1, 2008, the standard hourly rate for individual-provided personal care is based on comparable service units and is determined by the State legislature, based on negotiations between the Governor’s Office and the union representing the workers. The rate for personal care services provided by individual providers consists of wages, industrial insurance, paid time off, mileage reimbursement, comprehensive medical, training, seniority pay, training based differentials, and other such benefits needed to ensure a stable, high performing workforce. The agreed-upon negotiated rates schedule is used for all bargaining members.

The rate for personal care services provided by agencies is based on an hourly unit. The agency rate determination corresponds to the rate for individual providers with an additional amount for employer functions performed by the agency.

The rate for personal care provided in assisted living facilities is based on a per day unit. Each participant is assigned to a classification group based on the State’s assessment of their personal care needs. The daily rate varies depending on the individual’s classification group. The rates are based on components for provider staff, operations, and capital costs. The rate paid to residential providers does not include room and board.

The rate for personal care provided in an adult family home is based on a per day unit and is determined by the State legislature, based on negotiations between the Governor’s Office and the union representing Adult Family Homes.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State WASHINGTON

Section II. General Provisions:

Medicaid rates for nursing facility care in Washington continue to be facility specific. Prior to rate setting, nursing facilities’ costs and other reported data, such as resident days, are examined, to ensure accuracy and to determine costs allowable for rate setting. Washington is a state utilizing industry median cost data, subject to applicable limits, combined with facility-specific and regularly updated resident case mix data, to set the direct care and indirect care component. The capital rate is set using a fair market rental system. The quality enhancement is set using Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services quality data.

A facility's Medicaid rate is a total of four component rates: 1) direct care (DC), 2) indirect care (IDC) 3) capital (C), and 4) quality enhancement (QE).

Medicaid rates are subject to a "budget dial", under which the State is required to reduce rates for all participating nursing facilities statewide by a uniform percentage, after notice and on a prospective basis only, if the statewide average facility total rate, weighted by Medicaid resident days, approaches an overall limit for a particular state fiscal year. Under RCW 74.46.421, the statewide average payment rate for any state fiscal year (SFY) weighted by patient days shall not exceed the statewide weighted average nursing facility payment rate identified for that SFY in the biennial appropriations act (budgeted rate).

After the State determines all nursing facility payment rates in accordance with chapter 74.46 RCW and chapter 388-96 WAC, it determines whether the weighted average nursing facility payment rate is equal to or likely to exceed the budgeted rate for the applicable SFY. If the weighted average nursing facility payment rate is equal to or likely to exceed the budgeted rate, then the State adjusts all nursing facility payment rates proportional to the amount by which the weighted average rate allocations would exceed the budgeted rate. Adjustments for the current SFY are made prospectively, not retrospectively and applied proportionately to each nursing facility's component rate allocation. The application of RCW 74.46.421 is termed applying the "budget dial". The budget dial supersedes all rate setting principles in chapters 74.46 RCW and 388-96 WAC.

For SFY 2019 (July 3, 2018, through June 30, 2019), the budget dial rate is $216.64.

If any final order or final judgment, including a final order or final judgment resulting from an adjudicative proceeding or judicial review permitted by chapter 34.05 RCW would result in an increase to a nursing facility's payment rate for a prior fiscal year or years, the State shall consider whether the increased rate for that facility would result in the statewide weighted average payment rate for all facilities for such fiscal year or years to be exceeded. If the increased rate would result in the statewide average payment rate for such year or years being exceeded, the State shall increase that nursing facility's payment rate to meet the final order or judgment only to the extent that it does not result in an increase to the statewide average payment rate for all facilities.

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NURSING FACILITIES AND SWING BED HOSPITALS (contd)

Section VI. Direct Care Component Rate

This component rate, which averages approximately 70.0% of each participating facility’s total Medicaid rate, corresponds to one resident day of care for nursing services, including supplies, routine therapy, laundry, food, and dietary services.

In applying case mix principles for direct care rate setting, data is taken from facility-completed, mandatory assessments of individual residents, and using a software program that groups residents by care needs, the State determines for each facility both a facility average case mix index (for all the facility’s residents) and a Medicaid average case mix index (for Medicaid residents only). A case mix index is a number indicating intensity of need for services by a resident population, or group within a population.

Effective July 1, 2006, the facility average case mix index will be used throughout the applicable cost-rebasing period. Also, when establishing direct care component rates, the State will use an average of facility case mix indexes from the four calendar quarters occurring during the cost report period used to rebase the direct care component rate allocations.

The State may adjust the case mix index for any of the lowest four resource utilization group categories beginning with PA1 through PB22 to any case mix index that aids in achieving the purpose and intent of RCW 74.39A.007 in effect on July 1, 2016, and cost-efficient care. PA1 through PB2 that also have behaviors will not receive an adjustment in case mix index.

In determining case mix weights, the State will assign the lowest case mix weight to the resource utilization group III classification group with the lowest total weighted minutes and calculate case mix weights by dividing the lowest group’s total weighted minutes into each group’s total weighted minutes and rounding weight calculations to the third decimal place.

Each facility’s allowable direct care cost per resident day is divided by the facility’s average case mix index to derive the facility’s allowable direct care cost per case mix unit.

Direct care is paid at a fixed rate based on one hundred percent or greater of statewide case mix neutral median costs. Direct care is performance adjusted for acuity using case mix principles. It is then regionally adjusted using county wide wage index information available through the United States Department of Labor’s Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The State shall determine and update semiannually for each nursing facility serving Medicaid residents a facility-specific per-resident day direct care component rate adjustment for acuity to be effective on the first day of each six-month period.

Direct care includes routine therapy which is the average one-on-one care from qualified therapists delivered to a Medicaid resident during one day, and the average therapy consultation from qualified consultants delivered to a resident during one day. Four types of routine therapy are recognized for rate setting: speech, physical, occupational, and other. Two general service categories are recognized for each: one-on-one therapy and therapy consulting. These do not include rehabilitative therapies.

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NURSING FACILITIES AND SWING BED HOSPITALS (cont.)

Section VI. Direct Care Component Rate (cont)

To determine allowable routine therapy costs, the department takes from cost reports direct one-on-one therapy charges for all residents by payer, including costs of supplies, and total units or modules of therapy care, for all residents from the report period by type of therapy provided. The department also takes from cost reports therapy consulting expenses for all residents by type of therapy.

The department determines the total one-on-one cost for each type of therapy care at each participating nursing facility, and divides by the facility's total units of therapy for each therapy type, to derive the per unit one-on-one cost for each type. A unit or module of therapy care is defined as fifteen minutes of one-on-one therapy.

The department determines total therapy consulting for each type of therapy at each nursing facility, and divides by the facility's resident days to derive per resident day consulting cost for each type of therapy.

Each facility's allowable cost in each of the four therapy types is then multiplied by the units provided by the facility for the applicable year by type. The result is multiplied by the Medicaid percentage of charges for each category, and divided by adjusted Medicaid resident days from the report period, to derive the Medicaid resident day allowable one-on-one cost for each therapy type.

The facility's allowable Medicaid resident day one-on-one cost and its allowable resident day consulting cost are each multiplied by the facility's total adjusted resident days to calculate its total allowable one-on-one therapy expense and total allowable consulting therapy expense. These products are totaled for each type to derive each facility's total allowable cost for each therapy type.
NURSING FACILITIES AND SWING BED HOSPITALS (cont.)

Section XIV. Adjustments to Prospective Rates other than for Economic Trends and Conditions, Changes in Case Mix, Fluctuation in Licensed Beds or One-Time Specific Authorizations:

The department may grant prospective rate adjustment to fund new requirements imposed by the federal government or by the department, if the department determines a rate increase is necessary in order to implement the new requirement.

Rates may be adjusted prospectively and retrospectively to correct errors or omissions on the part of the department or the facility, or to implement the final result of a provider appeal if needed, or to fund the cost of placing a nursing facility in receivership or to aid the receiver in correcting deficiencies.

Section XV. Rates for Swing Bed Hospitals:

Rates for swing bed hospitals providing nursing facility care to Medicaid eligible residents continue to be set for each SFY (July 1 through June 30) at the approximate, weighted statewide average total paid to Medicaid nursing facilities during the preceding full calendar year. So the Medicaid swing bed rate effective July 1, 2001, is derived from the average nursing facility Medicaid rate for calendar year 2000.

The average rate comprising the swing bed rate for July 1, 2001, is computed by first multiplying each nursing facility's approximate total rate on July 1 of the preceding fiscal year (July 1, 2000) by the facility's approximate number of Medicaid resident days for the month of July during the preceding SFY (July 2000), which yields an approximate total Medicaid payment for each facility for that month.

Total payments to all Medicaid facilities for July of the preceding SFY are added which yields the approximate total payment to all facilities for that month, and then the total is divided by statewide Medicaid resident days for the same month to derive a weighted average for all facilities.

The average for July 2008 was $158.10 per resident day, which comprises the swing bed rate for the July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009 rate period. The same methodology is followed annually to reset the swing bed rate, effective July 1 of each year. Effective July 1 of each year, the State follows the same methodology to reset the swing bed rate. The swing bed rate is subject to the operation of RCW 74.46.421.

The swing bed rate for SFY 2019 (July 3, 2018, through June 30, 2019) is $197.98.