Good medical decisions require good information. Your health care provider should give you information about:

- Your condition and why making a decision is important.
- Treatment options, and the benefits and risks of each option.

Ideally, benefit and risk information would come from good research studies, as results from poor quality studies may be unreliable. You should feel comfortable asking your provider to describe the quality of scientific evidence or medical literature that supports each treatment option. Treatments based on your provider's experience are usually less reliable than those based on high-quality medical studies and national guidelines. At times, you may have to wait for your provider to review the medical evidence before making treatment recommendations that are right for you.

Your health issues, special circumstances, values, and preferences should all inform your health care decisions. You should share your feelings about the options with your health care provider, including whether you wish to delay the decision by closely watching your condition or doing more research.

Another important consideration is your preferred decision-making style, which may be different with different health issues. There are three main medical decision-making styles—autonomous, provider-directed, and shared.

**Autonomous decision-making** is when you have obtained the information you need to make a decision, and want to make the decision independently.

**Provider-directed decision-making** means the health care provider makes the decision based on what he or she thinks is right for you. These kinds of decisions often happen in situations where urgent actions must be taken—for example, if a patient has a sudden loss of heart function, otherwise known as a cardiac arrest. However, even in less urgent situations, you may ask your provider to make a choice for you.

**Shared decision-making** is often the best decision-making choice for the care that is best for you in most circumstances. Shared decision-making occurs when you and your provider discuss your health issues, the options, and come to a decision together.

(continued on next page)
The quality of the scientific research on the type of care you and your provider are considering may help guide patient decisions. If the evidence quality is good, then predicting what may happen to you is more reliable. Where the scientific evidence is lacking or of uncertain consistency or reliability, there are more uncertainties about the benefits versus risks. You should feel comfortable asking your providers about the quality of the medical science supporting their treatment recommendations.

Or there may be several equally reasonable alternatives. For example: A patient has had symptoms of depression for three months. There is good evidence that the patient will benefit by taking medication. However, the patient may prefer counseling (which the benefits are shown with equally good evidence) to avoid any side effects from medication. Another option is to make lifestyle changes, such as reducing stress and increasing physical activity and postpone decisions about drugs or other therapies.

Dealing with multiple options can be difficult. When you are faced with medical decisions, it can be hard to remember everything you discussed with your provider. It is often helpful to ask someone to attend your provider appointments with you and ask your provider for pamphlets, videos, or other tools that summarize the options with pros and cons to help you. These items are called “decision-support” tools.

To get the care that is right for you, it is important to think about your options, the likelihood of the outcomes for each option, your preferences, and the decision style that is best for you.

Delfini Group is dedicated to improved clinical care through the use of reliable and clinically helpful medical evidence. They are authors of the Delfini Evidence-Based Practice Series and creators of the popular training program: How to Read the Medical Literature—A Simplified Approach. Learn more at www.delfini.org. More information for patients is available at www.delfinigrouppublishing.com/patientguide.htm.

What is shared decision-making?

Shared decision-making is a way for patients and their providers to talk about health care choices and decide together what is right for the patient. By engaging patients in decisions about their health, it leads to patients who are better informed about their choices.

Shared decision-making is one of the innovative areas of health care in which Washington State has become a national leader. In 2007, Washington became the first state to pass legislation to launch a shared decision-making pilot project and promote the use of certified patient decision aids.

Kaiser Permanente and the UMP Plus accountable care networks (Puget Sound High Value Network and UW Medicine Accountable Care Network) integrate shared decision-making strategies into their practices, including the use of patient decision aids (PDAs). PDAs are easy-to-use tools that break down complex procedures, options, and health care realities into language patients can understand.

Washington is the first state in the nation to formally certify PDAs. In 2016, the Health Care Authority certified PDAs on maternity care. In 2017, it will review joint replacement and spinal care PDAs.

The state’s standards were developed with an international group of researchers, practitioners, and stakeholders to ensure the quality and effectiveness of its PDAs.

To learn more

Explore your “Why?” during SmartHealthWeek

June 5-11, 2017, is SmartHealth Week, an annual celebration of our well-being.

During SmartHealth Week, visit the SmartHealth website at www.smarthealth.hca.wa.gov, or use the Limeade app, available for both Android and Apple devices, to participate in activities that help you explore your purpose and what means the most to you: family, friends, career, or community. We call it “What’s your Why?”

SmartHealth Week activities. Earn 200 points for completing each of the following activities during SmartHealth Week:

- Take a Walk
- Bedtime is Device-Free Time
- Go for the H2O


Upcoming SmartHealth incentive deadlines and events

June 30, 2017
Last day to qualify to win one of 30 REI gift cards worth $50 each by completing your Well-being Assessment.

July 1 – September 30, 2017
Complete your Well-being Assessment and earn 2,000 points by September 30, 2017, to qualify to win one of six Grand Prize Vacation Getaways: a $400 Hotels.com gift card.

September 30, 2017
Last day to complete your Well-being Assessment and earn 2,000 points to qualify for the $125 wellness incentive distributed in 2018.

October 1 – October 20, 2017
Complete the SmartHealth survey by October 20, 2017, to qualify to win one of 20 Amazon gift cards worth $25 each.

Use SmartHealth on your mobile device!

Install the Limeade app to help stay on track with your SmartHealth goals.

Now available for both Android and Apple devices, use the Limeade app to check in on your well-being wherever you are. Then join the Go Mobile activity to earn 100 points! Here’s how to install the app:

1. Android: Open the Google Play Store.
   Apple: Open the iOS app store.
2. Search for “Limeade” and install.
3. Open the app and enter the program code: SmartHealth.
4. Login with your SmartHealth username (or email address) and password.

If you have a technical question about the mobile app, call Limeade (the SmartHealth administrator) at 1-855-750-8866.
Kaiser Permanente acquired Group Health on February 1, 2017. This means Group Health is now part of the nationwide Kaiser Permanente group. As a result, Group Health Cooperative changed its name to Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Washington.

The PEBB Program is updating its materials to reflect Group Health’s name change. In the coming months, you will see the name change on PEBB’s website, enrollment guides, forms, and on SmartHealth activity tiles (if you were enrolled in Group Health). In addition, any future PEBB mailings you receive will use the new name.

Kaiser Foundation Health Plans operate under a single brand name, Kaiser Permanente. To differentiate between the two PEBB Kaiser Permanente networks, we will refer to the new Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Washington as Kaiser Permanente WA. In some instances, we will also add “formerly Group Health” to further differentiate between the two Kaiser Permanente networks.

Here is a list of the new plan names you will see in the updated PEBB materials.
The names may be similar, but the networks are still separate

Now that PEBB has two Kaiser Permanente networks, you may wonder if you can access in-network services from both. The answer is no. The networks do not cover the same areas. Kaiser Permanente WA serves the Puget Sound, Central and Eastern Washington, and parts of Idaho and Oregon. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Northwest (now called Kaiser Permanente NW) serves Clark and Cowlitz counties in Washington, and Western Oregon. The names may be similar, but the networks are still separate and have not changed with the acquisition. You must continue to receive non-emergency services within your current plan’s network.

Did you know? Tips to manage your Medical FSA and DCAP accounts

The Medical Flexible Spending Arrangement (Medical FSA) and Dependent Care Assistance Program (DCAP) are available only to PEBB-eligible subscribers who are employed through state agencies and higher-education institutions.

Medical FSA and DCAP

- Go mobile. Check balances and submit claims through the secure MyNavia mobile app. Search for "MyNavia" in the Google Play or iTunes App Store to download the app.
- Enroll in direct deposit. Once your claim is approved, your reimbursement will automatically appear in your bank account within a few business days after the reimbursement date. Use the Direct Deposit Authorization Form to enroll.

Medical FSA only

- Pay for services instantly with the Navia Benefits Card—a debit MasterCard® that allows you to access your Medical FSA funds directly at any Inventory Information Approval System (IIAS)-participating merchant. Always keep your receipts in case additional proof is requested. Restrictions apply. See https://pebb.naviabenefits.com for details.
- Use Medical FSA funds to pay for things like:
  - Copays or coinsurance
  - Deductibles
  - Lab work fees
  - Orthodontia
  - Prescription glasses and contacts
  - Sunscreen (SPF 30 or greater)
- See the full list of eligible expenses at https://pebb.naviabenefits.com.

DCAP only

Use the DCAP Recurring Claim Form to streamline reimbursement of your qualified dependent care expenses. Once approved, claims are automatically processed and reimbursed according to the interval you designate on the form. Remember, DCAP works like a bank account. Reimbursement cannot exceed the amount you have contributed from your paychecks to date.

Get forms and more information about the Medical FSA and DCAP at https://pebb.naviabenefits.com or call Navia at 1-800-669-3539.

Group Health’s premiums, costs, and benefits not changing in 2017

- The Kaiser Permanente acquisition does not affect your 2017 monthly premiums, covered benefits, or out-of-pocket costs (coinsurance or copays).
- You can continue to receive care at the same locations and hospitals you did before the transition.
- You can continue to rely on the same network of doctors and care teams you had with Group Health.
- If you were a member of Group Health at the beginning of March 2017, you should have already received a new Kaiser Permanente WA ID card to replace your Group Health ID card. If you didn’t receive an ID card, call Kaiser Permanente WA at 1-888-901-4636. Your ID number is the same, but you’ll use your new ID card for health care services.
- For more information on the transition, visit www.ghc.org/html/public/about/kaiser-permanente.
Options to help with your health care decision-making

Own Your Health website

Making sure you’re getting high-value health care can be complicated. If you’re buying a new pair of jeans or a new car, you already know how to find good value. But it’s harder when it comes to health care. Quality can vary widely. Costs are all over the map, and paying more doesn’t necessarily mean you’re getting better care. Having good health information and the tools and resources you need to make decisions can help you become your own best advocate and improve the system as a whole.

The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) Program is partnering with the nonprofit Washington Health Alliance to promote the Own Your Health website (http://oyh.wacommunitycheckup.org). This website offers tools and resources to help you make decisions and take action about your health and health care. We hope these resources help you on your path to becoming an empowered consumer.

The Own Your Health website includes decision-making resources, no matter where you are on your health journey.

Choosing a health plan?

Find out about:
- What to do during open enrollment to get high-value care.
- Finding a plan that’s right for your wallet.
- Health insurance terms you should know (like premium, deductible, and provider network).

Before a provider visit

Find out about:
- What to do before a visit to get high-value care.
- Five tips for choosing a primary care provider.

During a provider visit

Find out about:
- What to do during a visit to get high-value care.
- Five questions to ask when your doctor suggests a treatment.
- Making decisions together.

After a provider visit

Find out about:
- What to do after a visit to get high-value care.
- What you should expect from your provider.
- Five quality resources on treatment options.

Once you know how to choose a health plan and how to prepare for provider visits, you can find out how to become a savvy health care shopper. The website includes tips on:
- Shopping for quality and a better patient experience.
- Using your health care dollars wisely.
- Choosing where to go for care.
- Advocating for others (such as children and parents).

The Washington Health Alliance also partners with the Choosing Wisely initiative (found on the Own Your Health website under Partner Pages), which helps providers and patients have conversations about the overuse of tests, treatments, and procedures to help patients make smart and effective care choices. More than 70 medical specialty societies have released their recommendations to guide patients and doctors about the most appropriate care based on an individual patient’s situation.

Whatever stage you’re in when it comes to health care decision-making, the Own Your Health website can complement your provider’s advice when it comes to getting the best care and value.

Own Your Health is a campaign presented by the Washington Health Alliance to empower consumers to become active participants in their own health and health care.
Optional life insurance subscriber participation increases by 50% for 2017

71,242 total subscribers now enrolled in optional life insurance

23,983 subscribers enrolled in optional life insurance for the first time

20,182 subscribers increased their optional life insurance

21,795 subscribers kept their optional life insurance the same

5,282 subscribers decreased their optional life insurance

2017 average coverage amount per new subscriber is $238,200

2016 average coverage amount per existing subscriber was $184,210

2017 average coverage amount per existing subscriber is $243,939

2017 average amount per existing subscriber is $191,630

37,374 total subscribers now have optional life insurance for a spouse

21,804 total subscribers now have optional life insurance for children

Remember to name your beneficiaries

Even if you made no changes to your coverage or your only coverage is the employer-paid basic life and AD&D insurance, remember to name your beneficiaries with MetLife. They did not transfer automatically from the previous life insurance carrier.

Currently, only half of eligible PEBB subscribers have named their beneficiaries.

The PEBB Program offers auto and home insurance to all PEBB members through Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, one of the largest property and casualty insurers in the U.S. Unlike many of PEBB’s other benefits, however, you can sign up for auto and/or home insurance anytime—not just at open enrollment.

Twice a year, Liberty Mutual sends a mailer to PEBB members’ homes, reminding them of the benefits of joining them through the PEBB Program such as:

- Discounts of up to 12 percent off of Liberty Mutual’s auto insurance rates.
- Discounts of up to 5 percent off of Liberty Mutual’s home insurance rates.
- A 12-month rate guarantee.
- Convenient payment options including automatic payroll deduction (employees only), electronic funds transfer, or direct billing at home.

To get an online quote or find more information, visit [www.hca.wa.gov/public-employee-benefits](http://www.hca.wa.gov/public-employee-benefits) and select *Additional benefits* under your member type. Or to speak with a Liberty Mutual representative, call toll-free 1-800-706-5525.

HCA is committed to providing equal access to our services. If you need accommodation, please call 1-800-200-1004 or 711 for relay services.