Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders Fifth Edition American Psychiatric Association Diagnostic Criteria for 312.31 Gambling Disorder

- A. Persistent and recurrent problematic gambling behavior leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as indicated by the individual exhibiting four (or more) of the following in a 12-month period:
 - 1. Needs to gamble with increasing amounts of money in order to achieve the desired excitement.
 - 2. Is restless or irritable when attempting to cut down or stop gambling.
 - 3. Has made repeated unsuccessful efforts to control, cut back, or stop gambling.
 - 4. Is often preoccupied with gambling (e.g., having persistent thoughts of reliving past gambling experiences, handicapping or planning the next venture, thinking of ways to get money with which to gamble).
 - 5. Often gambles when feeling distressed (e.g., helpless, guilty, anxious, depressed).
 - 6. After losing money gambling, often returns another day to get even ("chasing" one's losses).
 - 7. Lies to conceal the extent of involvement with gambling.
 - 8. Has jeopardized or lost a significant relationship, job, or educational or career opportunity because of gambling.
 - 9. Relies on others to provide money to relieve desperate financial situations caused by gambling.
- B. The gambling behavior is not better explained by a manic episode.