

DIVISION OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND RECOVERY WASHINGTON STATE PASRR PROGRAM PREADMISSION SCREEN AND RESIDENT REVIEW (PASRR)

Level II PASRR

Invalidation

This form is to be used when an evaluator determines that a resident or nursing facility applicant, who

Date of Referral
Date Hospital / SNF was Notified of Invalidation
Date Form Completed

has been identified as positive on a PASRR Level I screen, does not require a Level II Psychiatric Initial Evaluation or Follow-up. If an individual meets the criteria for serious mental illness he or she must be provided with an evaluation unless any one of the following invalidating conditions applies to that individual.			Date of Birth				
Name: Last First				Middle			
☐ Preadmission. If ch	necked, name of site of inva	ılidation:					
☐ Current nursing facility resident. Nursing facility placement and address:							
A Level 2 Initial Psychiatric Evaluation or Follow-Up is not required because of one of the following reasons:							
1. Categories for Invalidation							
☐ 1. The individual h	as been <u>discharged</u> out of	the nursing facility.					
 The individual has a primary diagnosis of <u>severe medical illness</u> which results in a level of impairment so severe that he/she could not be expected to benefit from specialized mental health treatment. List severe medical diagnoses: 							
 The individual has a diagnosis and meets all five of the criteria of a major neurocognitive disorder (see Page 2). The individual appears to exhibit all five of the symptoms of a major neurocognitive disorder (see Page 2). The individual DOES NOT have any of the following series mental illness (SMI) diagnoses. 							
 Schizophrenia Spectrum and Other Psychotic Disorders Depressive Disorders Anxiety Disorders Personality Disorders Bipolar and Related Disorders Delusional Disorders 					orders		
☐ 6. The individual DOES have one (or more) serious mental illness (SMI) diagnosis.							
List diagnoses and DSM code(s):							
AND <u>does not</u> have symptoms of serious mental illness as described on the following page in the CRITERIA FOR SEVERITY OF SYMPTOMS .							
2. Evaluator Comment	s						
3. Evaluator Information	on						
Signature of Person Cor	npleting Evaluation	Date	Coi	ntractor			
Print Name of Person Co	ompleting Evaluation	Title			County		

Symptoms of a Major Neurocognitive Disorder as defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders DSM

- Evidence of significant cognitive decline from a previous level of performance in one or more cognitive domains (complex attention, executive function, learning and memory, language, perceptual-motor, or social cognition) based
 - Concern of the individual, a knowledgeable informant, or the clinician that there has been a significant decline in 1) cognitive function; and
 - A substantial impairment in cognitive performance, preferably documented by standardized neuropsychological testing or, in its absence, another quantified clinical assessment.
- The cognitive deficits interfere with independence in everyday activities (i.e., at a minimum, requiring assistance with complex instrumental activities of daily living such as paying bills or managing medications).
- The cognitive deficits do not occur exclusively in the context of a delirium.
- The cognitive deficits are not better explained by another mental disorder (e.g., major depressive disorder, schizophrenia).

Criteria for Severity of Symptoms

Level of impairment: The degree of symptoms of the mental disorder has resulted in functional limitations in major life activities within the past six months that were not appropriate for the person's developmental state. An individual typically has at least one of the following characteristics on a continuing or intermittent basis.

- Interpersonal functioning. The individual has serious difficulty interacting appropriately and communicating effectively with other individuals; has a possible history of altercations, evictions, or loss of employment, fear of strangers; avoidance of interpersonal relationships and social isolation. The individual may be at risk of harm to self or others.
- Concentration, persistence and pace. The individual has serious difficulty in sustaining focused attention and concentration in order to complete simple tasks commonly found in activities of daily living. The individual requires assistance or makes frequent errors in task completion.
- Adaptation to change The individual has serious difficulty in adapting to change manifested by aditation, exacerbated by

signs and symptoms of illness, withdrawal from the situation, or requiring intervention by mental health or judicial system due to difficulties in adapting to change.
Additional Evaluator Comments
Distribution
Upon completion of Level II Invalidations:

- Immediately send a copy to the Nursing Facility or hospital discharge staff. The Invalidation must be included in the individual's clinical record.
- Original Invalidations are to remain with contractor / evaluator records.
- Submit copy to DBHR with a completed A19 Invoice, Worksheet and Level I for processing and payment.