

Washington Apple Health (Medicaid)

Nursing Facilities Billing Guide

October 1, 2017

Every effort has been made to ensure this guide's accuracy. If an actual or apparent conflict between this document and an agency rule arises, the agency rules apply.

About this guide*

This publication takes effect October 1, 2017, and supersedes earlier guides to this program.

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Washington Apple Health means the public health insurance programs for eligible Washington residents. Washington Apple Health is the name used in Washington State for Medicaid, the children's health insurance program (CHIP), and state-only funded health care programs. Washington Apple Health is administered by the Washington State Health Care Authority.

^{*}This publication is a billing instruction.

What has changed?

Subject	Change	Reason for Change
Fully Integrated Managed Care (FIMC)	Effective January 1, 2018, the agency is implementing a second FIMC region, the North Central (NC) region, which includes Douglas, Chelan, and Grant Counties.	Notification of new region moving to FIMC
	The agency has updated and consolidated the FIMC information in this guide and provided several hyperlinks to the agency's Managed Care web page, the agency's Integrated physical and behavioral health care web page, and the agency's Regional resource web page.	
Vent-Trach Program – Respiratory Services	Added information regarding respiratory services under Specialized Nursing Facility Program/Vent-Trach Program. Added clarification regarding how to bill for services not covered under procedure code E1399.	This section was inadvertently removed during the last update of this guide. Clarification
How can I verify a patient's eligibility?	Added a blue note box stating: Financial institutional eligibility may be back dated up to three months prior to the date of application as long as the client is otherwise eligible. As soon as it is determined a current resident will likely need custodial care funded by the state and the resident begins the application for Apple Health, the NF must request a NFLOC assessment to verify functional eligibility by submitting an Intake and Referral (DSHS 10-570) form to HCS.	Eligibility clarification

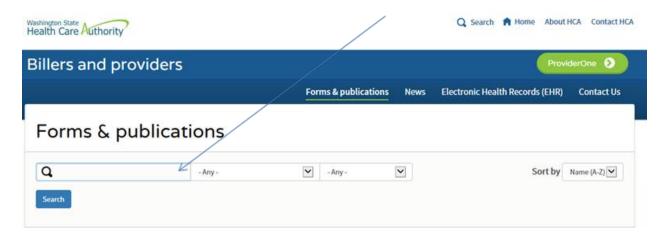
How can I get agency provider documents?

To access provider alerts, go to the agency's provider alerts web page.

To access provider documents, go to the agency's <u>provider billing guides and fee schedules</u> web page.

Where can I download agency forms?

To download an agency provider form, go to HCA's Billers and providers web page, select Forms & publications. Type the HCA form number into the **Search box** as shown below (Example: 13-835).



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Resources

Topic	Resource
Becoming a provider or submitting a change of address or ownership	Aging and Long-Term Support Administration Business Analysis and Applications Unit (BAAU) 360-725-2573 or baau@dshs.wa.gov
Questions about what is included in the nursing facility per diem or general rate	Aging and Long-Term Support Administration (ALTSA) Office of Rates Management 360-725-2448 or nfrates@dshs.wa.gov
Prospective ALTSA payment rates	See ALTSA's Nursing Facility Rates and Reports page and WAC 388-96-704
Questions about payments, denials, claims processing, or agency managed care organizations	Claims Processing Nursing Facilities Unit 1-800-562-3022 ext. 16820 Fax: 1-866-668-1214 HCANursingHomeClaims@hca.wa.gov
Coordination of benefits for clients with private insurance and Medicaid as secondary insurance	Coordination of Benefits 1-800-562-3022 Fax: 360-586-3005
Electronic billing	
Finding agency documents such as billing guides and fee schedules	See the agency's <u>Billers and Providers</u> web page. See the <u>Webinars</u> web page for additional training.
Accessing provider alerts	See the agency's <u>Provider Alerts</u> web page.

Nursing Facilities

Topic	Resource	
Contacting the managed care organizations (MCO)	 Amerigroup Washington, Inc. (AMG) Provider line: 1-800-454-3730 Community Health Plan of Washington (CHPW) Provider line: 1-800-440-1561 Coordinated Care Corporation (CCC) Provider line: 1-877-644-4613 Molina Healthcare of Washington, Inc. (MHC) Provider line: 1-800-869-7175 United Healthcare Community Plan(UHC) Provider line: 1-877-542-9231 	
Medical programs, scope of care and nursing facilities claims coverage	See the Nursing Facility Provider Desk Tool	
Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) nursing facilities forms	 Information for Nursing Home Professionals Electronic DSHS Forms Notice of Action (<u>DSHS 15-031</u>) Intake and Referral (<u>DSHS 10-570</u>) 	
Find a local HCS office	See the ALTSA Contact Information page	
ALTSA provider updates	See the ALTSA listserve page	
Nursing facility rates for ALTSA payment	See <u>WAC 388-96-704</u>	

Definitions

This section defines terms and abbreviations, including acronyms, used in this billing guide. Refer to <u>Chapter 182-500 WAC</u> for a list of definitions for Washington Apple Health and <u>WAC</u> 182-513-1100 for definitions for long-term services and supports (LTSS).

Per Diem Costs - (Per patient day or per resident day) Total allowable costs for a fiscal period divided by total patient or resident days for the same period. (WAC 388-96-010)

Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB)

Program – This program pays for Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and deductibles, coinsurance and copayments, under Part A, Part B, and Part C, with limitations.

QMB Only – A person who is eligible for the QMB program but is not eligible for a Categorically Needy (CN) or Medically Needy (MN) Medicaid program.

Record – Dated reports supporting claims submitted to the agency for medical services provided in a client's home, a physician's office, nursing facility, hospital, outpatient, emergency room, or other place of service. Records of services must be in chronological order by the practitioner who provided the service.

Rehabilitation Services - The planned interventions and procedures which constitute a continuing and comprehensive effort to restore a person to the person's former functional and environmental status, or alternatively, to maintain or maximize remaining function.

Resident – A person residing in a nursing facility. The term resident excludes outpatients and people receiving adult day or night care, or respite care.

About the Program

What is the purpose of the Nursing Facilities program?

The purpose of the Nursing Facilities program is to pay for medically necessary nursing facility (NF) services provided to eligible Apple Health clients. The NF billing process for Health Care Authority (agency) clients was developed by the Aging and Long-Term Support Administration (ALTSA) and the agency. See <u>Chapter 74.46 RCW</u> (Nursing Facility Medicaid Payment System) and <u>Title 71A RCW</u> (Developmental Disabilities) for further information.

When does the agency pay for services?

The agency pays nursing facilities for costs only when the client is not covered by Medicare, a managed care organization, or third party insurance. Washington Apple Health covers only those services that are ordinary, necessary, related to the care of Washington Apple Health clients, and not expressly unallowable. See RCW 74.46 and WAC 388-96-585 for examples of unallowable costs.

Client Eligibility

Who is eligible for Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Services?

The implementation of the Affordable Care Act and the expansion of Washington Apple Health means eligibility for SNF care has changed. Clients in certain ACES (Automated Client Eligibility System) coverage groups are eligible for SNF care, and the SNF can bill for that care when all other billing criteria are met. Nursing facilities must always verify that a patient has Washington Apple Health coverage for the date of service, and that the client's benefit package covers the applicable service. If the payer is an agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO), the SNF must obtain prior authorization from the MCO before admission. The coverage groups eligible for SNF care are identified in the Nursing Facility Provider Desk Tool.

Note: Clients enrolled in state-funded medical care service programs (A01 and A05) are not enrolled in an agency-contracted MCO; this is a state-funded Medical Care Services (MCS) program. A pre-approval by home and community services (HCS) before admission is not required as long as the client meets nursing facility level of care (NFLOC). Submit an intake request (DSHS 10-570) to HCS for a determination of NFLOC. The fax number is on the form.

Note: State-funded long-term care coverage for non-citizens program. Coverage groups L04 and K03 require a pre-approval by ALTSA.

Note: An award letter is issued to all clients who are eligible to receive institutional Aged, Blind or Disabled Apple Health and meet nursing facility level of care (NFLOC). An institutional benefits award letter does not guarantee payment for clients. Apple Health is the payer of last resort. If there is another payer available, Apple Health will not pay.

When are clients not eligible for long-term care under the fee-for-service program?

Clients covered under an agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO) or Medicare are not eligible to receive payment under the long-term care fee-for-service program until rehabilitation or skilled nursing services authorized by the MCO or Medicare has ended.

Some Washington Apple Health clients are eligible for stays of 29 days or fewer, but are not eligible for periods longer than that because they do not meet the eligibility criteria for long-term care programs.

SNF services are not covered under the Alien Emergency Medical (AEM) (non-citizen) program. ALTSA has a limited state-funded non-citizen SNF program that requires prior approval. Contact <u>Sandy Spiegelberg</u> at (360) 725- 2576 for more information.

How can I verify a patient's eligibility?

Providers must verify that a patient has Washington Apple Health coverage for the date of service, and that the client's benefit package covers the applicable service. This helps prevent delivering a service the agency will not pay for.

Verifying eligibility is a two-step process:

Step 1. Verify the patient's eligibility for Washington Apple Health. For detailed instructions on verifying a patient's eligibility for Washington Apple Health, see the *Client Eligibility, Benefit Packages, and Coverage Limits* section in the agency's ProviderOne Billing and Resource Guide.

If the patient is eligible for Washington Apple Health, proceed to **Step 2**. If the patient is **not** eligible, see the note box below.

Step 2. Verify service coverage under the Washington Apple Health client's benefit package. To determine if the requested service is a covered benefit under the Washington Apple Health client's benefit package, see the agency's Program Benefit Packages and Scope of Services web page.

Note: Patients who wish to apply for Washington Apple Health can do so in the following ways:

- 1. By visiting the Washington Healthplanfinder's website at: www.wahealthplanfinder.org.
- 2. By calling the Customer Support Center toll-free at: 855-WAFINDER (855-923-4633) or 855-627-9604 (TTY).
- 3. By mailing the application to: Washington Healthplanfinder PO Box 946 Olympia, WA 98507

In person application assistance is also available. To get information about inperson application assistance available in their area, people may visit www.wahealthplanfinder.org or call the Customer Support Center.

For Apple Health Applicants: Financial institutional eligibility may be back dated up to three months prior to the date of application as long as the client is otherwise eligible. As soon as it is determined a current resident will likely need custodial care funded by the state and the resident begins the application for Apple Health, the NF must request a NFLOC assessment to verify functional eligibility by submitting an Intake and Referral (DSHS 10-570) form to HCS.

Provider Responsibilities

Are providers responsible to verify a client's coverage?

Yes. Providers must verify the client's eligibility in ProviderOne before providing services. If ProviderOne indicates the client is enrolled in an agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO), contact the client's MCO for all coverage conditions and limits on services. (See Managed Care).

Is a completed Preadmission Screening and Resident Review (PASRR) required?

42 CFR 483.100 – 483.138, WAC 388-97-1920 and 388-97-1940

Yes. Under state and federal law, all people referred for care in a Medicaid licensed nursing facility (NF), regardless of payment source, are required to have a <u>Preadmission Screening and Resident Review Level I screening</u> performed by the professional making the referral (usually a doctor, registered nurse practitioner, or hospital social worker). The Level I screening looks for indicators that a person may have an intellectual disability or related condition, or a serious mental illness. A Level II screening is required prior to admission when indicated by the Level I screen. The NF is responsible for ensuring that the entire PASRR process is complete and accurate prior to admission to their facility (the Level I for every person and the Level II if indicated).

More information regarding the PASRR process can be found on the DSHS website. For clients whose Level I screen indicated intellectual disabilities or related conditions with a referral to a DDA PASRR Coordinator, information can be found on DSHS's PASRR Program webpage. For clients whose Level I screen indicated serious mental illness and a referral to a BHA PASRR contractor information can be found on DSHS's PASRR webpage.

Note: The PASRR is subject to post-payment review and audit by the agency or its designee. The agency may deny payment to the skilled nursing facility (SNF) if the SNF is unable to prove that the required PASRR process was timely completed.

Note: There are some exceptions to the PASRR requirement. These exceptions are listed on the PASRR Level I form.

When must the skilled nursing facility (SNF) notify the state of an admission or status change?

See the *Notice of Action – Adult Residential Services* form, DSHS <u>15-031</u> for instructions on how and when to notify the state of an admission, discharge, or status change. Instructions are printed on the back of the form.

After an Aged, Blind or Disabled Medicaid client has been admitted to the SNF, the SNF must complete the *Notice of Action – Adult Residential Services* form, DSHS 15-031, by following the instructions on the back of the form

Nursing facility (NF) limitations on billing:

- For recipients with Apple Health coverage, the NF cannot bill a person who applies for or receives institutional services for the days between admission and the date the facility first notified DSHS of the admission. See RCW 74.42.056.
- For applicants, the agency will back date NF payment authorization for up to three months as long as the person is otherwise eligible for Apple Health.

See the Nursing Facility Provider Desk Tool for more information.

What are the requirements at the time of discharge?

The provider must bill the discharge date.

Managed Care

Are clients enrolled in an agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO) eligible?

Yes. Most Medicaid-eligible clients are enrolled in one of the agency-contracted managed care organizations (MCOs). For these clients, managed care enrollment will be displayed on the client benefit inquiry screen in ProviderOne. MCOs are responsible for payment of medically necessary skilled nursing facility (SNF) stays for rehabilitation or skilled nursing services when the MCO determines that nursing facility care is more appropriate than acute hospital care. These services require prior authorization (PA) by the MCO. SNFs must check Apple Health client eligibility and work with hospital staff and MCO staff to ensure authorization is obtained for skilled rehabilitation or nursing services for clients transferring from a hospital. Once admitted to a SNF, it is the responsibility of the SNF to obtain additional authorization from an MCO for ongoing skilled rehabilitation or nursing services.

Note: If the client is enrolled in managed care, contact the MCO prior to admittance to determine what services have been authorized and for how long.

Who is not enrolled in managed care?

Most people receiving long-term care are Medicare-eligible and are not enrolled in managed care. Clients who meet the following criteria are not enrolled in managed care:

- Clients with Medicare coverage
- Clients in the Medically Needy program

Effective July 1, 2017, not all Apple Health clients were enrolled in a BHO/FIMC/BHSO

On July 1, 2017, some Apple Health clients were not enrolled in a BHO/FIMC/BHSO program. For these clients, substance use disorder (SUD) services are covered under the fee-for-service (FFS) program.

Effective January 1, 2017, some fee-for-service clients who have other primary health insurance were enrolled into managed care

On January 1, 2017, the agency enrolled some fee-for-service Apple Health clients who have other primary health insurance into an agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO).

This change did not affect all fee-for-service Apple Health clients who have other primary health insurance. The agency continues to cover some clients under the fee-for-service Apple Health program, such as dual-eligible clients whose primary insurance is Medicare.

For additional information, see the agency's <u>Managed Care web page</u>, under Providers and Billers.

Effective April 1, 2016, important changes to Apple Health

These changes are important to all providers because they may affect who will pay for services.

Providers serving any Apple Health client should always check eligibility and confirm plan enrollment by asking to see the client's Services Card and/or using the ProviderOne Managed Care Benefit Information Inquiry functionality (HIPAA transaction 270). The response (HIPAA transaction 271) will provide the current managed care organization (MCO), fee-for-service, and Behavioral Health Organization (BHO) information. See the the agency's <u>Regional Resources</u> web page.

New MCO enrollment policy – earlier enrollment

Beginning April 1, 2016, Washington Apple Health (Medicaid) implemented a new managed care enrollment policy placing clients into an agency-contracted MCO the same month they are determined eligible for managed care as a new or renewing client. This policy eliminates a person being placed temporarily in fee-for-service while they are waiting to be enrolled in an MCO or reconnected with a prior MCO.

New clients are those initially applying for benefits or those with changes in their existing eligibility program that consequently make them eligible for Apple Health Managed Care.

Renewing clients are those who have been enrolled with an MCO but have had a break in enrollment and have subsequently renewed their eligibility.

Clients currently in fee-for-service or currently enrolled in an MCO are not affected by this change. Clients in fee-for-service who have a change in the program they are eligible for may be enrolled into Apple Health Managed Care depending on the program. In those cases, this enrollment policy will apply.

How does this policy affect providers?

- Providers must check eligibility and know when a client is enrolled and with which MCO. For help with enrolling, clients can refer to the Washington Healthplanfinder's <u>Get</u> <u>Help Enrolling</u> page.
- MCOs have retroactive authorization and notification policies in place. The provider must know the MCO's requirements and be compliant with the MCO's new policies.

Behavioral Health Organization (BHO)

The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) manages the contracts for behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder (SUD)) services for nine of the Regional Service Areas (RSA) in the state, excluding Clark and Skamania counties in the Southwest Washington (SW WA) Region. BHOs replaced the Regional Support Networks (RSNs). Inpatient mental health services continue to be provided as described in the inpatient section of the Mental Health Services Billing Guide. BHOs use the Access to Care Standards (ACS) for mental health conditions and American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) criteria for SUD conditions to determine client's appropriateness for this level of care.

Fully Integrated Managed Care (FIMC)

For clients who live in a fully integrated managed care (FIMC) region, all physical health services, mental health services, and drug and alcohol treatment are covered and coordinated by the client's agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO). The Behavioral Health Organization (BHO) will not provide behavioral health services in these counties.

Clients living in an FIMC region will enroll with an MCO of their choice that is available in that region. If the client does not choose an MCO, the client will be automatically enrolled into one of the available MCOs, unless the client is American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN). Clients currently enrolled in one of the available MCOs in their region may keep their enrollment when the behavioral health services are added.

Effective July 1, 2017, American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) clients living in an FIMC region of Washington must choose to enroll in one of the agency-contracted MCOs available in that region; or they may choose to receive all these services through Apple Health fee-for-service (FFS). If they do not choose an MCO, they will be automatically enrolled into Apple Health FFS for all their health care services, including comprehensive behavior health services. For more information about the services available under the FFS program, see the agency's Mental Health Services Billing Guide and the Substance Use Disorder Billing Guide.

For full details on FIMC, including which clients residing in an FIMC region are not enrolled with an MCO and information on complex behavioral health services for foster children in an FIMC region, see the agency's <u>Managed Care web page</u>, the agency's <u>Integrated physical and behavioral health care web page</u>, and the agency's <u>Regional resource web page</u>.

FIMC Regions

North Central Region (NC) – Douglas, Chelan and Grant Counties

Effective January 1, 2018, the agency will implement the second FIMC region known as the NC region which includes Douglas, Chelan, and Grant Counties. Clients eligible for managed care enrollment will choose to enroll in an available MCO in their region. Specific details, including information about mental health crisis services, can be found on the agency's Managed Care web page, the agency's Integrated physical and behavioral health care web page, and the agency's Regional resource web page.

Southwest Washington Region (SW WA) – Clark and Skamania Counties

Effective April 1, 2016, the agency implemented the first FIMC region known as the SW WA region which includes Clark and Skamania Counties. Clients eligible for managed care enrollment choose to enroll in one of two available MCOs in this region: Community Health Plan of Washington (CHPW) or Molina Healthcare of Washington (MHW).

Apple Health Core Connections (AHCC)

Coordinated Care of Washington (CCW) will provide all physical health care (medical) benefits, lower-intensity outpatient mental health benefits, and care coordination for all Washington State foster care enrollees. These clients include:

- Children and youth under the age of 21 who are in foster care
- Children and youth under the age of 21 who are receiving adoption support
- Young adults age 18 to 26 years old who age out of foster care on or after their 18th birthday

American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) children will not be auto-enrolled, but may opt into CCW. All other eligible clients will be automatically enrolled.

AHCC complex mental health and substance use disorder services

AHCC clients who live in Skamania or Clark County receive complex behavioral health benefits through the Behavioral Health Services Only (BHSO) program in the SW WA region. These clients will choose between CHPW or MHW for behavioral health services, or they will be autoenrolled into one of the two plans. CHPW and MHW will use the BHO Access to Care Standards to support determining appropriate level of care, and whether the services should be provided by the BHSO program or CCW.

AHCC clients who live outside Skamania or Clark County will receive complex mental health and substance use disorder services from the BHO and managed by DSHS.

Contact Information for Southwest Washington

Beginning on April 1, 2016, there is not a BHO in Clark and Skamania counties. Providers and clients must call the agency-contracted MCO for questions, or call Beacon Health Options for questions related to a person who is not eligible for or enrolled in Medicaid.

If a provider does not know which MCO a client is enrolled in, this information can located by looking up the patient assignment in ProviderOne.

To contact Molina, Community Health Plan of Washington, or Beacon Health Options, please call:





Beacon Health Options	Beacon Health Options
_	1-855-228-6502

What should the SNF do before admitting an MCO client?

Prior to any admission, the SNF must request authorization from the client's agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO). The payer that is financially responsible for the client at the time of admission is responsible for rehabilitation or the skilled nursing facility stay. This applies to any transfer of care from an MCO to another MCO, and to transfers from an MCO to fee-for-service.

What should the SNF do before admitting an MCO client from a transferring SNF?

Prior to any admission from a transferring SNF, the receiving SNF must ask the discharge planner at the transferring SNF which agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO) authorized the stay. Prior to any admission, the receiving SNF must request authorization from the responsible MCO. If the authorization is approved, the SNF must bill the MCO. If the authorization is denied, the SNF may bill fee-for-service when all other billing conditions are met.

How does the SNF admit and bill for a patient who is authorized for rehabilitation or skilled nursing services by an MCO?

Prior to any admission, it is essential that the SNF coordinate with the agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO) authorizing the rehabilitation or skilled nursing services. It is the nursing facility's responsibility to contact the MCO for (PA) for a client being admitted or any time the client leaves the facility for more than twenty-four hours and is readmitted. The SNF must have an agreement with the MCO in order to receive payment. All billing for rehabilitation or skilled nursing services must be submitted to the MCO following the terms of their agreement.

The SNF must confirm PA with the MCO before admitting the client for rehabilitation or skilled nursing services. The MCO must indicate on the PA the number of rehabilitation or skilled nursing days that are approved. If additional days are needed, the SNF must coordinate this with the MCO. If additional days are not authorized, and the SNF believes that the client continues to meet criteria, the SNF may assist the client in filing an appeal with the MCO. At the time the request for additional days is denied, the SNF must determine if discharge to the community is appropriate. If ongoing services are needed, either in the SNF or in the community, the SNF must contact Home and Community Services (HCS) for an assessment.

Note: A client's managed care plan may change. However, the MCO responsible at the time of admission remains responsible for the client's care, covered under the Apple Health contract, even if the client changes to another MCO after admission.

Note: For a discharge from the facility that is under 24 hours, add a comment to the claim indicating the discharge is under 24 hours.

The SNF must request written confirmation from the MCO that services are approved or denied:

- Before the client is admitted to the SNF.
- If the facility is requesting additional rehabilitation or skilled-nursing services.

The MCO must provide the SNF with written confirmation when:

- A stay is approved or denied.
- The length of a previously authorized stay is being reduced.
- The client does not meet the MCO's rehabilitation or skilled-nursing criteria.

Written confirmation from an MCO or its subcontractor must include:

- Member name
- Date of birth
- Member ID
- ProviderOne ID
- Service description (ex. Skilled Nursing Facility Care)
- Name of admitting facility
- Facility admit date
- Dates approved (ex. MM-DD-YYYY through MM-DD-YYYY)
- Date denied
- Specific reason for denial

What happens if an MCO client's skilled nursing or rehabilitation_status is denied or changes to long-term-care?

When a managed care organization (MCO) client's skilled nursing or rehabilitation status is denied or changes to long-term-care (sometimes called custodial care), the SNF must:

- For classic Medicaid clients: FAX a Notice of Action Adult Residential Services form, <u>DSHS 15-031</u>, to DSHS at 855-635-8305. The form must include the date the client's status changed.
- For MAGI-based Medicaid clients:
 - 1. Fax a *Notice of Action Adult Residential Services* form, DSHS 15-031, to the Health Care Authority at 1-866-841-2267. The form must include the date the client's status changed, which includes the date of hospice election or revocation, if applicable.
 - 2. Fax a *Home and Community Services (HCS) intake and referral form*, DSHS 10-570, to the HCS office in your region to request a nursing facility level of care (NFLOC) assessment through the HCS social service intake process for a client who will be receiving long-term-care services. The fax numbers and region information are on the form. A NFLOC assessment must be in place to receive payment through fee-for-service. The date that determines the payment start date for clients who meet NFLOC will be recorded on a *NFLOC Determination Modified Gross Income (MAGI) Clients form*, DSHS form 15-442, that is completed by the nursing facility case. Medicaid payment begins either on the date of the request for a NFLOC assessment or the date of admission to the SNF, whichever is later.
 - 3. Submit to the agency a claim with the appropriate Medicaid patient class code and include the MCO's denial of authorization for rehabilitation or skilled-nursing services.

If the client needs services in the community, the SNF must request a social service assessment intake from HCS and coordinate with the MCO when discharge planning begins. The SNF must use the *Intake and Referral* form, DSHS 10-570, to request an assessment. The phone and FAX numbers for HCS social service intake are on the form.

The payer is responsible to report changes when the client's status changes to long-term care (custodial care).

How does the SNF bill if the client has other primary health insurance and is enrolled in an MCO?

Medicaid is the payer of last resort. Providers must follow these steps for billing;

- 1. Follow the primary health insurance policies (including requesting authorization) for coverage of the nursing facility stay.
- 2. You may request authorization concurrently with the MCO for a medical necessity determination.
- 3. If the primary health insurance denies the service, you must request authorization from the agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO) immediately.
- 4. If the MCO authorization is denied, the SNF may bill fee-for-service when all other billing conditions are met. When billing fee-for-service, the primary health insurance denial and MCO authorization denial letter must be included.

Note: When the stay is covered by the primary health insurance, bill the same patient class code that would be used when submitting as fee-for-service; bill patient class code 55 when the stay is covered by the MCO.

Medicare

Does the agency pay for Medicare Advantage Plans (Part C) cost-sharing expenses?

Yes. The agency reimburses nursing facilities for Medicare Part C cost sharing expenses up to the maximum reimbursement limits established under <u>WAC 182-502-0110</u> and Chapter <u>182-517</u> WAC.

In order to receive payment from the agency, the skilled nursing facility (SNF) must follow the billing guidelines established by the Managed Medicare – Medicare Advantage (Part C) Plans prior to billing the agency. If the SNF bills Medicaid for a class 29 or 24 prior to Managed Medicare payment, Medicaid automatically pays a \$0.00 reimbursement to the SNF.

Note: Some Medicare clients have elected to enroll in a Medicare HMO plan called a Medicare Advantage Plan (Part C). The Managed Medicare – Medicare Advantage Plan is the primary payer and must be billed first.

After the Medicare Advantage plan processes the claim, if money is owed, the SNF must submit an adjustment form with the appropriate Managed Medicare – Medicare Advantage (Part C) EOB to HCA. Bill the agency on the same claim form used to bill the Medicare Advantage plan. Make sure the services and billed amounts match what the SNF billed to the Medicare Advantage plan. Attach the Medicare Advantage EOB to the claim.

The agency must receive the Medicare Advantage claim within six months of the Medicare Advantage payment date.

If Medicare denies a service that requires prior authorization (PA), the agency waives the PA requirement, but still requires some form of agency authorization based on medical necessity.

Does the agency pay Medicare cost-sharing expenses for Qualified-medical-beneficiary (QMB) clients?

Yes. The agency reimburses nursing facilities for Medicare cost-sharing expenses under Medicare Part A, Part B, and Part C (except for Part C premiums). For QMB clients, the agency reimburses up to the maximum reimbursement limits established in WAC 182-517-0320.

Clients who are eligible under this program do not receive an institutional award letter. Eligibility for a QMB-only client can be verified by reviewing the following information:

- Agency QMB program approval letter
- ProviderOne for the QMB program (ACES coverage group S03)

As QMB-only clients do not pay towards the cost of care, nursing facilities must not collect participation for these clients.

For clients who are eligible for long-term care, Home Care Services issues a long-term care award letter.

How does the SNF bill for Billing for managed Medicare – Medicare Advantage (Part C)?

In order to receive payment from the agency, the SNF must follow the billing guidelines established by the Managed Medicare – Medicare Advantage (Part C) Plans prior to billing the agency.

If there is a capitated copayment due on a claim:

Capitated copayments do not require the biller to submit an explanation of benefits (EOB); with the claim. Indicate "Managed Medicare capitated copayment" in the *Billing Note* section of the electronic institutional claim.

If there is coinsurance, a deductible, or a noncapitated copayment due on a claim:

If no balance is due for services provided, the agency pays the claim at zero.

If a balance is due for services provided:

- Bill all services, paid or denied, to the agency on one claim, and attach an EOB.
- Indicate "Managed Medicare" on billing forms as the *Billing Note* section of the electronic institutional claim.
- The agency will compare the allowed amount for DSHS and Managed Medicare –
 Medicare Advantage and select the lesser of the two. Payment is based on the lesser of
 the allowed amounts minus any prior payment made by Managed Medicare Medicare
 Advantage

How does the SNF bill for clients who are eligible for Medicare and Medicaid or who are QMB-only?

Bill Medicare first. If the SNF bills Medicaid for a class 24, 29 or 56 before the Medicare payment, the SNF will automatically receive a \$0.00 reimbursement from Medicaid. If money is owed to the SNF on a class 24 claim after Medicare makes payment, the SNF must submit an adjustment form with the appropriate Medicare backup.

- If Medicare pays the claim, the SNF must bill the agency within 6 months of the date Medicare processes the claim.
- If Medicare denies payment of the claim, the SNF must meet the agency's 365-day requirement for an initial claim.

Note: Patient class codes 29 and 56 are not entitled to secondary Medicaid payment.

Example:

The SNF bills the agency for Class Code 24 days and Medicare pays \$150 per day. If the Medicaid rate is \$165 per day, the SNF may submit a claim adjustment for \$15 per day unless another insurer is liable for the difference. The SNF may not collect additional fee-for-service or Part C coinsurance costs from the client.

Note: Clients who are eligible under QMB only and are not on another Medicaid program do not receive an institutional award letter.

Note: The NF may bill under QMB with no award letter. An award letter may exist for the client's Medicaid coverage but is not necessary for Medicare days in the NF.

For more details concerning Medicare crossover claims, see the agency's <u>ProviderOne Billing and Resource Guide</u>.

Billing

Effective for claims billed on and after October 1, 2016

All claims must be submitted electronically to the agency, except under limited circumstances. For more information about this policy change, see Paperless Billing at HCA. For providers approved to bill paper claims, see the agency's Paperless Billing at HCA.

Award letter

When is an institutional benefits award letter issued?

For Aged, Blind or Disabled Apple Health clients not enrolled in managed care, the state issues an institutional benefits award letter to clients who have been approved for long-term care services if:

- ALTSA has issued a NFLOC (fewer than 30 days in the facility) or
- ALTSA has approved an institutional program.

Note: These approval letters are required for classic Medicaid clients only. They are not required for MAGI-based clients or QMB only cases.

Note: Medically-fragile children who are Washington residents and placed in the Providence Child Center in Portland, Oregon, do not require a NFLOC assessment by DSHS staff for payment. Children placed in this facility meet NFLOC. All other billing conditions apply.

When is an institutional award letter not issued?

If the client is eligible to receive health care coverage in a MAGI program, regardless of setting, the client will **not** contribute to the cost of care and **no** institutional benefits award letter will be sent. However, for claims to pay, the SNF must request a NFLOC assessment for a MAGI client when:

- It is determined the client will likely no longer meet rehabilitation or skilled nursing criteria, or
- The client is not enrolled in managed care.

MAGI-based clients are identified in the ProviderOne client benefit inquiry screen with the following codes: See medical coverage chart for MAGI programs.

Note: Receipt of an award letter **does not guarantee payment** of the service if the client is enrolled in managed care, or has primary coverage under Medicare or other primary health insurance.

Note: Medically-fragile children who are Washington residents and placed in the Providence Child Center in Portland, Oregon, do not require a NFLOC assessment by DSHS staff for payment. Children placed in this facility meet NFLOC. All other billing conditions apply.

What is the admission date?

The admission date is the date the person physically admitted or readmitted to the SNF.

How does the SNF bill for MAGI-based Medicaid clients?

After a MAGI-based Medicaid client has been admitted to the SNF, the SNF must complete a *Notice of Action – Adult Residential Services* form, <u>DSHS 15-031</u>, by following the instructions on the back of the form, and fax the form to the Health Care Authority Claims Processing—SNF Unit at 1-866-841-2267.

MAGI-based ACES coverage groups are: N01, N02, N03, N05, N10, N11, N13, N23, N31, and N33

Fax a *Home and Community Services (HCS) intake and referral form*, DSHS 10-570, to the HCS office in your region to request a nursing facility level of care (NFLOC) assessment through the HCS social service intake process for a client who will be receiving long-term-care services. The fax numbers and region information are on the form. A NFLOC assessment must be in place to receive payment through fee-for-service. The date that determines the payment start date for clients who meet NFLOC will be recorded on a *NFLOC Determination Modified Gross Income (MAGI) Clients form*, DSHS form 15-442, that is completed by the nursing facility case. Medicaid payment begins either on the date of the request for a NFLOC assessment or the date of admission to the SNF, whichever is later.

Clients must continue to meet nursing facility level of care (NFLOC) in order for the NF to receive payment.

Note: Clients who are eligible for MAGI-based ACES coverage groups do not contribute towards the cost of care—SNFs cannot collect participation for these clients. An award letter is not needed to submit a claim.

How does the SNF bill if the client has other primary health insurance?

Bill the other primary health insurance before billing Medicaid—Medicaid is the payer of last resort. When billing Medicaid, state on the claim that the SNF has already billed the other primary health insurance.

Third-party liability (TPL) for nursing facilities is discussed in <u>Coordination of Benefits</u>
<u>Resource Guide for Skilled Nursing Facilities</u> located on the agency's <u>Provider billing guides</u>
<u>and fee schedules</u> web page.

For TPL changes, see <u>Effective January 1, 2017</u>, some fee-for-service clients who have other primary health insurance will be enrolled into managed care. For affected billing changes, see <u>How does the SNF bill if the client has other primary health insurance and is enrolled in an MCO</u>?

How does the SNF bill for a client who is discharged in a current month?

When discharging a client from the SNF in the current month, use the appropriate patient status code and enter the total number of units not including the discharge day.

Will the SNF be paid for the date of discharge?

No. The agency does not pay nursing facilities for the date of discharge (keep this in mind when entering total number of units).

How does the SNF bill when a client is admitted and dies on the same day?

If a client is admitted and dies on the same day, use *Patient Status* 20 when billing this claim. This does not include when a client is admitted and discharged on the same day.

How do SNF providers enrolled in Medicaid bill for dual eligible clients?

All SNFs enrolled in the state's Medicaid program are required to bill Medicaid with class code 24 for Dual Medicare/Medicaid.

How do SNF providers not enrolled in Medicaid bill for QMB cost-sharing expenses?

All SNFs not enrolled in the state's Medicaid program may submit claims with class code 56 for Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries (QMB) cost-sharing expenses. The SNF must sign a limited purpose contract in order to submit these claims.

How does the SNF bill for social leave?

The agency pays for the first 18 days of social leave in a year. Report the client as still a client for these days. Do not discharge and readmit the client. After 18 days of social leave have been used, report discharge and readmission only if the client left the facility for at least a full 24-hour period. SNFs are required to notify DSHS of social or therapeutic leave in excess of 18 days per year through a *Notice of Action* (DSHS form 15-031).

How does the SNF bill for clients in hospice status?

If the client in a SNF is on hospice status, bill the hospice agency according to the instructions on the agency's <u>Hospice Services Billing Guide</u>.

Note: For classic Medicaid clients who elect or revoke hospice, the facility must notify DSHS/ALTSA using form <u>DSHS 15-031</u>.

How does the SNF change a previously paid claim?

If the SNF needs to make changes to claims for dates of service for which the agency has already paid, refer to the <u>ProviderOne Billing and Resource Guide</u>, Key Step 6 in the "Submit Fee-for-Service Claims to Medical Assistance" section.

Where on the institutional claim do I enter patient participation?

"Patient participation" refers to the amount a client is responsible to pay each month toward the total cost of long term care services they receive. It is the amount remaining after subtracting allowable deductions and allocations from available monthly income.

Enter the client patient participation amount into the *Value Information* section using value code 31. These funds must be contributed toward the patient's cost of care.

The SNF cannot collect participation from an agency client when billing for patient class codes 24, 29, 55, 56 or MAGI-based clients.

The agency cannot reduce a Medicaid client's participation liability using unpaid Part C copayment or coinsurance charges if the Medicare payment exceeds the maximum reimbursement that is allowed under Medicaid.

The agency does not calculate participation for QMB-only clients. These clients are not required to contribute toward the cost of care while in the SNF.

Where on the institutional claim do I enter the spenddown amount?

Spenddown means the process by which a person uses incurred medical expenses to offset income, resources, or both to meet the financial standards established by the agency. See <u>WAC</u> 182-519-0110.

Enter the client spenddown amount into the Value Information section using value code 66.

How do I bill claims electronically?

Instructions on how to bill Direct Data Entry (DDE) claims can be found on the agency's <u>Billers and Providers</u> web page, under <u>Webinars</u>.

For information about billing Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) claims, see the ProviderOne 5010 companion guides on the HIPAA Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) web page.

The following instructions are specific to nursing facilities. Bill only dates of service for which the client is eligible.

Name	Entry
Provider Information	Enter the provider's national provider identifier (NPI) and taxonomy.
Subscriber/Client Information	Enter the client's ProviderOne <i>Client ID</i> as shown on the client's Services Card.
Additional Subscriber/Client Information	Enter the client's last name, first name, date of birth, and gender.
Type of Facility	Enter 2-Skilled Nursing.
Bill Classification	Use the drop down menu to choose the appropriate "Bill Classification."
Statement Dates	Enter the beginning and ending dates of service for the period covered by this bill.
Admission Date/Hour	Enter the client's admission date (MMDDYYYY). Hours and minutes must appear in a 24 hour time. The admission date is the date the person physically admitted or readmitted to the SNF.

Name	Entry	
Priority (Type) Admission/Visit	The priority (type) of admission. Enter: a. 1 for Emergency b. 2 for Urgent c. 3 for Elective d. 5 for Trauma	
Point of Origin Admission/Visit	The source of admission. Enter: a. 1 for Physician Referral b. 2 for Clinic Referral c. 3 for HMO Referral d. 4 for Transfer from a Hospital e. 5 for Transfer from a Skilled nursing facility f. 7 for Emergency Room g. A for Transfer from a Critical Access Hospital	
Discharge Status	Enter a valid, two-digit, <u>Patient Status code</u> to represent the disposition of the patient's status.	
Total Claim Charge	Enter the total claim charge. It must match the total of all service lines on the claim.	
Medicare Crossover Claim	Mark "Yes" only if Medicare allows the service.	
Value Information (Value Code/Value Amount)	The following Value Codes are required to process nursing facility claims: Value Code 24 – Enter this code in the <i>Value</i> Code field with the Patient Class immediately following in the <i>Value Amount</i> field. See Patient class codes. (e.g., 20.00= patient class code 20) Value Code 31 – Enter this code in the <i>Value</i> Code field with the Patient Participation amount for the entire month immediately following in the <i>Value Amount</i> field. Value Code 66 – Enter this code in the <i>Value</i> Code field with the entire Patient Spenddown Amount immediately following in the <i>Value Amount</i> field.	
Other Insurance Information	Enter other primary health insurance besides WA Medicaid. Expand the Other Payer Insurance Information section in order to enter required insurance information.	

Name	Entry
Diagnosis Information	All institutional claims require a "Principal Diagnosis Code" and "Admitting Diagnosis Code." Use the drop down menu to choose the correct "Present on Admission (POA)" code.
Attending Physician Information	Enter attending provider's national provider identifier (NPI) and taxonomy.
Revenue Code	Enter revenue code 0190.
Service Date	Enter the same dates as entered under Statement Dates.
Service Units	Enter the number of days. Do not include the date of discharge.
Total Line Charges	Enter NF daily rate.
Non-Covered Line Charges	Enter any charges not covered by the agency.

Patient class code

Enter Value Code 24 with the appropriate patient class code from the table below and submit as shown above.

Patient Class Code	Description
20:	NF
23:	IMR-Title XIX Eligible
24	Dual Medicare/Medicaid
26:	Swing Bed
27:	IMR-non eligible for Title XIX
29:	Full Medicare
40:	Exceptional Therapy Care
45:	Non-Citizen's Long-Term Care (NCLTC) Program
50:	Behavioral support
54:	Specialized Behavior Support – Level 1

Patient Class Code	Description
55:	Rehabilitation with Managed Medicaid (Managed Care MCO)
56:	QMB Cost Sharing (Non-Medicaid contracted)
60:	Community Home Project
62:	ECS Plus (Behavioral Support Plus)
63:	ECS Respite (Behavioral Support Respite)

Patient status codes

Enter the appropriate patient status code from the table below and submit as shown above.

CMS Patient Status Code	Description
01	Home or Self Care
02	To hospital
03	To skilled nursing facility
04	To ICF (Intermediate Care Facility) / Custodial or Supportive Care
05	Discharged/Transferred to a designated cancer center or children's hospital
06	To Home for Home Care Services
07	Left Against Medical Advice
09	Admitted as an Inpatient to this hospital

CMS Patient Status Code	Description		
20	Expired (also use when a patient is admitted and dies on the same day)		
30	Still a patient Hospice/Home		
50			
51	Hospice/Medical facility		
70	To another type of institution		

Specialized nursing facility programs

Note: Authorization for a specialized SNF program does not replace all other requirements for admission or payment.

Expanded Community Services

Program overview

Expanded Community Services (ECS) is designed to provide enhanced behavior support services to clients who have either moved into the community after a stay at a state psychiatric hospital or who are at risk for psychiatric hospitalization due to high behavioral and personal care needs. This is also offered on a targeted basis for residents discharging from Western State Hospital (ECS Plus) and for respite behavioral care (ECS Respite).

Contracted SNF providers

The ECS contract requires the SNF to either provide or contract for the Behavior Support Services offered by an ECS team that can meet the scope of the SNF ECS contract.

To request a contract, the SNF should contact the local Home and Community Services (HCS) Resource Support & Development Program Manager.

Authorization

Once contracted, a SNF is eligible to serve clients identified by HCS as ECS eligible. In order to authorize services, the ECS coordinator needs the following information:

- Name of the contracted SNF that will be accepting the qualified client
- Name of qualified client
- Date of birth of qualified client

If approved, the SNF receives an ECS approval letter. The ECS approval letter is the SNF's authorization for payment of this service.

The SNF must contact the ECS coordinator when there has been a change in an ECS client's condition that could affect ECS eligibility or behavioral support needs. The notice must include the following information:

- Name of the contracted SNF that will be discharging the qualified client
- Name of qualified client
- Date of birth of qualified client

Payment

For ECS, the SNF must use class code 50 in the *Value Information* section of the institutional claim value code column in the UB-04 claim form in order to receive a specialized payment for an ECS client.

For ECS Plus, the SNF must use class code 62 in the *Value Information* section of the institutional claim value code column in the UB-04 claim form in order to receive a specialized payment for an ECS client.

For ECS Respite, the SNF must use class code 63 in the *Value Information* section of the institutional claim value code column in the UB-04 claim form in order to receive a specialized payment for an ECS client.

Community Home Project

Program overview

The Community Home Project (CHP) is a specialized authorization to assist clients who reside in an inpatient hospital setting who are transitioning home. CHP provides services in a SNF that are not included in a daily rate and not payable through other means.

Services provided under this program are authorized for a limited duration of up to 90 days.

Authorization

Authorization for CHP is based on an HCS assessment and lack of other available funding or setting to support the service required.

The SNF must coordinate with HCS to request authorization. If approved, the SNF receives a CHP approval letter. The CHP approval letter is the SNF's authorization for payment of this service.

Payment

The SNF must use class code 60 in the *Value Information* section of the institutional claim in order to receive a specialized payment for a CHP client.

Bariatric Nursing Home Pilot Program

WAC 182-531-1600

Program overview

The Bariatric Nursing Home Pilot Program is a short-term placement option for clients with bariatric issues who are leaving hospitals and in need of extensive therapy in a SNF.

Services provided under this program are authorized for a limited duration of up to 90 days.

Who qualifies?

The client must be Medicaid-eligible, have a current assessment from HCS, and meet NFLOC. A client eligible for this service must meet the following criteria. The client:

- Has a history of hospitalizations related to bariatric issues.
- Is willing to actively participate in the intensive therapies and expectations of the Bariatric Nursing Home Pilot Program.
- Has a physician order stating that the client needs specialized bariatric Physical Therapy and Occupational Therapy in a SNF, and can tolerate the therapies.
- Has documentation that there is no other placement option at this time for the client.

Authorization

HCS and the SNF coordinate to submit a completed authorization request using form HCA 13-785. See Where can I download agency forms? The request must list services and cost calculations, and must include a treatment plan for the client.

If approved, HCS will send the SNF an approval letter. The approval letter is the SNF's authorization for payment of this service.

Payment

The SNF must use revenue code 169 in the *Revenue Code* field of the electronic institutional claim in order to receive a specialized payment for a client.

Ventilator/Tracheotomy program

Program overview

The Ventilator/Tracheotomy (Vent/Trach) program is designed to maintain quality of life for ventilator-dependent clients who reside in a facility with a specialized Vent/Trach unit.

Wrap Around Services for Vent/Trach Clients

SNFs that are currently enrolled in the Vent/Trach program receive a wrap-around payment for the services required by clients in these units. The payer responsible for room and board costs makes this payment.

Payment

Facilities must use procedure code 94799 in the *Procedure Code* field of the electronic professional claim to receive a specialized payment for a client.

Respiratory Services

The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) requires contracted Vent/Trach program facilities to contract with a respiratory provider or provide respiratory therapy services, supplies and equipment.

The payer responsible for room and board costs is also responsible to pay for respiratory services covered under the Vent/Trach program contract (procedure code E1399 with appropriate modifiers).

If respiratory services are provided by the Vent/Trach program facility, the facility is not eligible for payment of procedure code E1399.

Respiratory services covered under the Vent-Trach contract are allowable only for days when a client is eligible for SNF care and is inpatient in a contracted Vent/Trach program facility.

For services and supplies provided other than those under procedure code E1399 covered in the Vent/Trach contract, refer to the agency's <u>Respiratory Care Billing Guide</u> for the appropriate billing process.

Non-citizen's long-term care program

Program overview

The Non-Citizen's Long-Term Care (NCLTC) Program is a state-funded program that provides the categorically needy scope of medical coverage for qualified aliens who are not eligible for any other service due to their citizenship or alien status.

Who qualifies?

The client must be an undocumented alien, which means they are not legally present in the United States and will never be eligible for state medical care services or federal Medicaid unless there is documentation that their Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) status has changed to "legally admitted." Clients must meet the additional eligibility criteria in <u>WAC 182-503-0505(2)</u> and (3)(a), (b), (e), and (f), including:

- Be ineligible for federally-funded or matched programs;
- Be at least 19 years of age;
- Meet NFLOC requirements (<u>WAC 388-106-0355</u>); and
- Be considered a resident of Washington State.

Authorization

Clients may not be enrolled in this program without authorization from DSHS' Aging and Long-term Services Administration (ALTSA) Residential Services Program Manager. Authorization is required prior to the client's admission. Contact <u>Sandy Spiegelberg</u> at (360) 725- 2576 for more information. A SNF authorization in the NCLTC Program is coded as L04.

Note: Providers must have authorization before admitting a client to the NCLTC program. There are limited spaces available in this program.

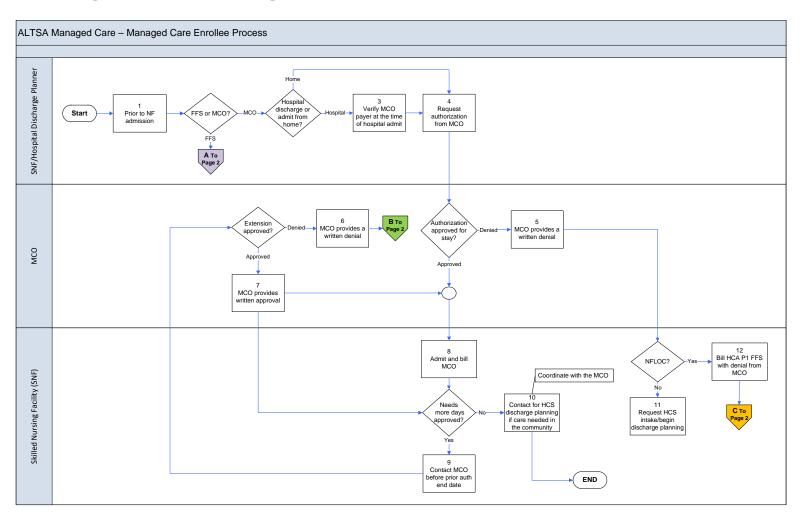
Payment

Facilities must use class code 45 in the *Value Information* section of the electronic institutional claim in order to receive a specialized payment under this program.

Nursing Facilities

Description of MAGI groups paid as a SNF fee-for-service claim after WA MCO Rehabilitation days has ended	Scope	RAC	ACES
MAGI parent/caretaker Medicaid; adult		1197	N01
12 month transitional MAGI parent/caretaker adult		1198	N02
MAGI Pregnancy		1199 and 1200	N03
MAGI adult Medicaid; income =<133% (Medicaid Expansion)		1201	N05
MAGI Newborn Medical birth to one year	CN	1202	N10
MAGI Children's Medicaid/age under 19,	CN	1203, 1204 and 1205	N11
MAGI Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Children under 19; premium payment program		1206 and 1207	N13
Non-citizen pregnant Covered under CHIPRA	CN	1209	N23

Managed care billing flow chart



Nursing Facilities

