Every effort has been made to ensure this guide’s accuracy. If an actual or apparent conflict between this document and an agency rule arises, the agency rules apply.
About this guide*

This publication takes effect October 1, 2016, and supersedes earlier guides to this program.

HCA is committed to providing equal access to our services. If you need an accommodation or require documents in another format, please call 1-800-562-3022. People who have hearing or speech disabilities, please call 711 for relay services.

Washington Apple Health means the public health insurance programs for eligible Washington residents. Washington Apple Health is the name used in Washington State for Medicaid, the children’s health insurance program (CHIP), and state-only funded health care programs. Washington Apple Health is administered by the Washington State Health Care Authority.

What has changed?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Change</th>
<th>Reason for Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Billing and Claim Forms</td>
<td>Effective October 1, 2016, all claims must be filed electronically. See blue box notification.</td>
<td>Policy change to improve efficiency in processing claims</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* This publication is a billing instruction.
Additional Resources

To access provider alerts, go to the agency’s provider alerts web page.

To access provider documents, go to the agency’s provider billing guides and fee schedules web page.

For additional resources, see the Dental-Related Services Billing Guide.

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Access to Baby and Child Dentistry (ABCD) – A program to increase access to dental services for Medicaid-eligible clients age five and younger.

Anterior – The maxillary and mandibular incisors, canines and tissue in the front of the mouth.

- Permanent maxillary anterior teeth include teeth 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.
- Permanent mandibular anterior teeth include teeth 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and 27.
- Primary maxillary anterior teeth include teeth C, D, E, F, G, and H.
- Primary mandibular anterior teeth include teeth M, N, O, P, Q, and R.

Posterior – The maxillary and mandibular incisors and canines and tissue in the front of the mouth.

- Permanent maxillary posterior teeth include teeth 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16.
- Permanent mandibular posterior teeth include teeth 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32.
- Primary maxillary posterior teeth include teeth A, B, I, and J.
- Primary mandibular posterior teeth include teeth K, L, S, and T.

Current Dental Terminology (CDT®) - A systematic listing of descriptive terms and identifying codes for reporting dental services and procedures performed by dental practitioners. CDT is published by the Council on Dental Benefit Programs of the American Dental Association (ADA).

Dental Home – The ongoing relationship between the dentist and the patient, inclusive of all aspects of oral health care delivered in a comprehensive, continuously accessible, coordinated and family-centered way. Establishment of a dental home begins no later than 12 months of age and includes referrals to specialists when appropriate.
About the Program

(WAC 182-535-1245)

What is the ABCD program?

The Access to Baby and Child Dentistry (ABCD) program was established to increase access to dental services for Medicaid-eligible clients through age five. The program’s goal is to ensure that positive dental experiences in early childhood will lead to lifelong practices of good oral health. This is done in part by identifying and removing obstacles to early preventive treatment, such as the lack of transportation to a dental office, language interpretation issues, etc. (See How does the ABCD program work?)

The ABCD program is a partnership between the public and private sectors, including:

- The Health Care Authority.
- The University of Washington School of Dentistry.
- The Washington Dental Service Foundation.
- Local dental societies.
- Local health jurisdictions.
- Other funding sources.

The mission is to identify eligible infants and toddlers before age one and to match each child to an ABCD-certified dentist. (see Who is eligible?) Children will remain in the ABCD program until their sixth birthday. (See WAC 182-535-1245(1)(a)).

Primary care medical providers are also crucial to early intervention, as these providers typically see young children at least 8 times before age 3 and opportunities exist to aid in early detection of dental health issues and promote dental preventive care. Primary care medical providers are encouraged to become credentialed and deliver dental disease prevention services.

Health care providers and community service programs identify and refer eligible clients to the ABCD program.

* The CDT Code and Nomenclature above have been obtained from Current Dental Terminology (including procedure codes, nomenclatures, descriptors and other data contained therein) (“CDT”). CDT is copyright © 2015 American Dental Association. All rights reserved. Applicable FARS/DFARS apply.
If enrolled in the ABCD program, the client and an adult family member may receive:

- Family oral health education.
- Anticipatory guidance.
- Assistance with transportation, interpreter services, and other issues related to dental services. (See WAC 182-535-1245(2)).

**Note:** ABCD-eligible children are entitled to the full scope of care as described in the agency’s Dental-Related Services Billing Guide. This Access to Baby and Child Dentistry (ABCD) Billing Guide identifies specific services that are eligible for higher reimbursement.

### Who may provide ABCD dentistry?

(WAC 182-535-1245(3))

**Dentists** who are certified through the continuing education program at the University of Washington School of Pediatric Dentistry or graduate after 2006 from the University of Washington, School of Dentistry, are eligible for ABCD program enhanced reimbursement rates.

**Primary care medical providers** (physicians, ARNPs, physician assistants) who are certified through the Washington Dental Service Foundation are eligible for select ABCD program enhanced reimbursement rates.

### How does the ABCD program work?

The following chart lists the people/agencies involved in the ABCD program and shows how they interact to ensure eligible children receive restorative and preventive dental services.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Who</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Community service programs including local health jurisdictions</td>
<td>Identify Medicaid-eligible clients and refer them to the program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local community ABCD enrollment units</td>
<td>Provide an orientation to the client or parent(s)/guardian(s) and prepares the family and child for the dental visit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This function may not be available in all counties</td>
<td>Enroll the client and family into the ABCD program and encourage timely and appropriate dental visits.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
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<th>Who</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| Local community ABCD enrollment units | Provide the client with an ABCD program identification (ID) card. The client's parent(s)/guardian(s) must show this ID card to the dentist to prove the client is eligible for the program.  
Address obstacles to care, such as lack of transportation and limited English proficiency.  
Coordinate with local agencies in providing outreach and linkage services to eligible clients. |
| ABCD Program-Certified Dentists  | Provide preventive and restorative treatment for an eligible client.  
Bill the agency for provided services according to this guide. |
| Certified Primary Care Medical Providers | Provide periodic oral evaluation, family oral health education, and topical application of fluoride.  
Bill the agency for provided services according to this guide. |
| Local Dental Societies           | Encourage and support participation from members. |
| Health Care Authority            | Reimburse program-certified dentists for services covered under this program. |
| University of Washington School of Dentistry | Provide technical and procedural consultation on the enhanced treatments and conduct continued provider training and certification. |
| Washington Dental Service Foundation | Provide management services, funding, and technical assistance to support client outreach, linkage, and provider recruitment. Provide training to primary care medical providers and certify them to receive enhanced reimbursement for delivering dental disease prevention services. |

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Client Eligibility

Who is eligible?

(WAC 182-535-1245(1)(a)(b))

Clients age five and younger are eligible for ABCD services. Providers must verify that a patient has Washington Apple Health coverage for the date of service, and that the client’s benefit package covers the applicable service. This helps prevent delivering a service the agency will not pay for.

Note: See the agency Dental-Related Services Billing Guide for eligibility information regarding services other than those outlined in this guide.

How can I verify a patient’s eligibility?

Verifying eligibility is a two-step process:

**Step 1. Verify the patient’s eligibility for Washington Apple Health.** For detailed instructions on verifying a patient’s eligibility for Washington Apple Health, see the Client Eligibility, Benefit Packages, and Coverage Limits section in the agency’s ProviderOne Billing and Resource Guide.

If the patient is eligible for Washington Apple Health, proceed to **Step 2.** If the patient is **not** eligible, see the note box below.

**Step 2. Verify service coverage under the Washington Apple Health client’s benefit package.** To determine if the requested service is a covered benefit under the Washington Apple Health client’s benefit package, see the agency’s Program Benefit Packages and Scope of Services web page.

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**Note:** Patients who wish to apply for Washington Apple Health can do so in one of the following ways:

1. By visiting the Washington Healthplanfinder’s website at: www.wahealthplanfinder.org
2. By calling the Customer Support Center toll-free at: 855-WAFINDER (855-923-4633) or 855-627-9604 (TTY)
3. By mailing the application to: Washington Healthplanfinder PO Box 946 Olympia, WA 98507

In-person application assistance is also available. To get information about in-person application assistance available in their area, people may visit www.wahealthplanfinder.org or call the Customer Support Center.

### Are clients enrolled in an agency-contracted managed care organization (MCO) eligible? (WAC 182-535-1245(1)(c))

**Yes.** When verifying eligibility using ProviderOne, if the client is enrolled in an agency-contracted managed care organization, managed care enrollment will be displayed on the client benefit inquiry screen.

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Coverage

(WAC 182-535-1245 (3))

What is covered?

The agency pays enhanced fees only to ABCD-certified dental providers and other agency-approved participating providers (e.g., ARNPs, physicians and PAs) for furnishing ABCD services. ABCD services include all of the following, when appropriate:

- Family oral health education. An oral health education visit must meet all of the following:
  - Be limited to one visit per day, per family, up to two visits per child in a 12-month period, per provider or clinic
  - Include all of the following:
    - "Lift the Lip" Training: Show the "Lift Lip" flip chart or DVD provided at the certification workshop. Have the parent(s)/guardian(s) practice examining the child using the lap position. Ask if the parent(s)/guardian(s) feel comfortable doing this once per month.
    - Oral hygiene training: Demonstrate how to position the child to clean the teeth. Have the parent(s)/guardian(s) actually practice cleaning the teeth. Record the parent's/guardian's response.
    - Risk assessment for early childhood caries: Assess the risk of dental disease for the child. Obtain a history of previous dental disease activity for this child and any siblings from the parent(s)/guardian(s). Also note the dental health of the parent(s)/guardian(s).
    - Dietary counseling: Talk with the parent(s)/guardian(s) about the need to use a cup, rather than a bottle, when giving the child anything sweet to drink. Note any other dietary recommendations made.

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Access to Baby and Child Dentistry

- **Discussion of fluoride supplements:** Discuss fluoride supplements with the parent(s)/guardian(s). The dentist, physician, or ARNP must write a fluoride prescription for the child, if appropriate. Let the parent/guardian know fluoride supplements are covered under the agency’s Prescription Drug Program. Fluoride prescriptions written by the dentist, physician, or ARNP may be filled at any Medicaid-participating pharmacy. Ensure that the child is not already receiving fluoride supplements through a prescription written by the child’s primary care medical provider.

- **Documentation** in the client’s file or the client’s designated adult member’s (family member or other responsible adult) file to record the activities provided and duration of the oral education visit.

**Note:** Bill the agency under the ProviderOne Client ID of the first child seen in the family. **Do not use the parent’s ProviderOne Client ID.** Family Oral Health Education must be billed using ADA/HCPCS code D9999.

- Application of fluoride
- Periodic oral evaluations, once every six months (six months must elapse between the comprehensive oral evaluation and the first periodic oral evaluation)
- Comprehensive oral evaluations, once per client, per provider or dental clinic, as an initial examination. The agency covers an additional comprehensive oral evaluation if the client has not been treated by the same provider or clinic within the past five years.
- Amalgam and resin restorations on primary teeth, as specified in current agency published documents

**Note:** The agency reimburses amalgam and resin restorations for a maximum of two surfaces for a primary first molar and a maximum of three surfaces for a primary second molar.

**Note:** The agency reimburses resin-based composite restorations for a maximum of three surfaces for a primary anterior tooth.

- Fabricated resin crowns for anterior primary teeth as specified in current agency published documents
- Therapeutic pulpotomy
- Prefabricated stainless steel crowns on primary teeth, as specified in current agency published documents
- Resin-based composite crowns on anterior primary teeth

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• Glass ionomers used for Immediate Restorative Treatment (IRT) (allowed for children through age five when provided in the dental office or dental clinic)

• Other dental-related services, as specified in current agency-published documents

**Note:** The client’s file must show documentation of the ABCD services provided. (WAC 182-535-1245 (4))
## Coverage Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CDT® Code*</th>
<th>Nomenclature*</th>
<th>PA</th>
<th>Limitations</th>
<th>Maximal Allowable Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D0120</td>
<td>Periodic oral evaluation</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>One periodic evaluation is allowed every six months, per provider.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D0150</td>
<td>Comprehensive oral evaluation</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>For agency purposes, this is to be considered an initial exam. One initial evaluation allowed per client, per provider or dental clinic. Normally used by a general dentist or a specialist when evaluating a patient comprehensively. <strong>Six months must elapse before a periodic evaluation will be reimbursed.</strong></td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1206</td>
<td>Topical application of fluoride varnish</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Allowed up to three times in a twelve-month period - per client, per provider.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** CDT codes D1206 and D1208 are not allowed on the same day. The fluoride limit per provider, per client, for CDT codes D1206 and D1208 is the combined total of the two; not per code. The codes are considered equivalent, and a total of three fluorides are allowed, not three of each.

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### Access to Baby and Child Dentistry

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<th>Limitations</th>
<th>Maximum Allowable Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D1208</td>
<td>Topical application of fluoride, excluding varnish</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Allowed up to three times in a twelve-month period per client, per provider or clinic. Document in the client’s file which material (e.g., topical gel) is used. &lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Note:</strong> CDT codes D1206 and D1208 are not allowed on the same day. The fluoride limit per provider, per client, for CDT codes D1206 and D1208 is the combined total of the two; not per code. The codes are considered equivalent, and a total of three fluorides are allowed, not three of each.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2140</td>
<td>Amalgam - one surface, primary or permanent</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required. Allowance includes polishing.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2150</td>
<td>Amalgam - two surfaces, primary or permanent</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required. Allowance includes polishing.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2160</td>
<td>Amalgam - three surfaces, primary or permanent</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required. <strong>If billed on a primary first molar, the agency will reimburse at the rate for a two-surface restoration.</strong></td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2330</td>
<td>Resin-based composite - one surface, anterior</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required. Allowed only on anterior teeth C through H and M through R.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2331</td>
<td>Resin-based composite – two surfaces, anterior</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required. Allowed only on anterior teeth C through H and M through R.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
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<th>Limitations</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D2332</td>
<td>Resin-based composite – three surfaces, anterior</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required. Allowed only on anterior teeth C through H and M through R.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2390</td>
<td>Resin-based composite crown, anterior – primary tooth</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth designation required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2391</td>
<td>Resin-based composite – one surface, posterior</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2392</td>
<td>Resin-based composite – two surfaces, posterior</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth and surface designations required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2393</td>
<td>Resin-based composite – three surfaces, posterior</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth designation required. If billed on a primary first molar, the agency will reimburse at the rate for a two surface restoration.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2929</td>
<td>Prefabricated porcelain/ceramic crown</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth designation required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2930</td>
<td>Prefabricated stainless steel crown - primary tooth</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth designation required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2933</td>
<td>Prefabricated stainless steel crown with resin window</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Tooth designation required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2941</td>
<td>Interim therapeutic restoration – primary dentition</td>
<td>Yes (See EPA)</td>
<td>Covered for clients age 5 years and younger.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3220</td>
<td>Therapeutic pulpotomy</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Covered only as complete procedure, once per tooth. Tooth designation required.</td>
<td>Fee Schedules</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<th>Maximum Allowable Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D9920</td>
<td>Behavior management</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Involves a client whose documented behavior requires the assistance of at least <strong>one additional dental professional staff</strong> to protect the client and staff from injury while treatment is rendered</td>
<td><strong>Fee Schedules</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D9999</td>
<td>Family Oral Health Education</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Limited to one visit per day, per family, up to two visits <strong>per child</strong>, per twelve-month period, per provider or clinic.</td>
<td><strong>Fee Schedules</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Expedited Prior Authorization

What is expedited prior authorization (EPA)?

The expedited prior authorization (EPA) process is designed to eliminate the need for written requests for prior authorization for selected dental procedure codes.

The agency allows for use of an EPA for selected dental procedure codes. The criteria for use of an EPA are explained below.

- The EPA number must be used when the provider bills the agency.
- Upon request, a provider must provide documentation to the agency showing how the client's condition met the criteria for EPA.
- A written request for prior authorization is required when a situation does not meet the EPA criteria for selected dental procedure codes.
- The agency may recoup any payment made to a provider if the provider did not follow the required EPA process and criteria.

EPA numbers

1. If the client’s medical condition does not meet all of the specified criteria, prior authorization (PA) must be obtained by submitting a request in writing to the agency (see Dental services web page).

2. It is the vendor’s responsibility to determine whether the client has already been provided the service allowed with the EPA criteria. If the vendor determines that the client has already been provided the service, a written prior authorization request must be submitted to the agency.

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## EPA procedure code list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CDT Code*</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>EPA #</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D2941</td>
<td>interim therapeutic restoration – primary dentition</td>
<td>870001379</td>
<td>Interim therapeutic restoration (ITR) will be allowed in lieu of a definitive restoration as follows:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Child must be age 5 or younger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Has current decay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allowed for up to 1-2 surfaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Provider is ABCD certified and has completed ITR training</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• ITR is expected to last a minimum of 1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allowed for a maximum of 5 teeth per visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Based on the treating dentist clinical judgement, will be allowed yearly until can be definitively treated or until the client’s 6th birthday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not allowed in conjunction with general anesthesia or on the same day as other definitive restorations.</td>
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<tr>
<td>D2941</td>
<td>interim therapeutic restoration – primary dentition</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Allowed on same day as definitive treatment with documentation that child was not able to proceed with complete treatment once started.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The CDT Code and Nomenclature above have been obtained from *Current Dental Terminology* (including procedure codes, nomenclatures, descriptors and other data contained therein) (“CDT”). CDT is copyright © 2015 American Dental Association. All rights reserved. Applicable FARS/DFARS apply.
Billing and Claim Forms

Effective for claims billed on and after October 1, 2016
All claims must be submitted electronically to the agency, except under limited circumstances.
For more information about this policy change, see Paperless Billing at HCA.
This billing guide still contains information about billing paper claims.
This information will be updated effective January 1, 2017.

What are the general billing requirements?
Providers must follow the agency’s ProviderOne Billing and Resource Guide. These billing requirements include:

- What time limits exist for submitting and resubmitting claims and adjustments.
- When providers may bill a client.
- How to bill for services provided to primary care case management (PCCM) clients.
- How to bill for clients eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid.
- How to handle third-party liability claims.
- What standards to use for record keeping.

How do I complete claim forms?
See the agency’s ProviderOne Billing and Resource Guide for instructions on completing the following claim forms:

- 2012 ADA
- CMS-1500