CODE REVISER USE ONLY

STATE CANASHING

RULE-MAKING ORDER EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

CR-103E (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.360)

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED

DATE: January 31, 2018 TIME: 11:31 AM

WSR 18-04-041

Agency:	Health	Care	Authority

Effective date of rule:

Emergency Rules

 \boxtimes Immediately upon filing.

□ Later (specify) ____

Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule? □ Yes ⊠ No If Yes, explain:

Purpose: The WAC is being amended to implement Title V, Sec. 5007 the 21st Century Cures Act to allow for a person to create his or her own D4A special needs trust. The agency is also fixing references to incorrect WAC citations in WAC 182-516-0100.

Citation of rules affected by this order:

New: Repealed: Amended: 182-516-0100 Suspended:

Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160, 21st Century Cures Act, Title V – Savings, Sec. 5007 Fairness in Medicaid supplemental needs trusts (Section 1917(d)(4)(A) of the Social Security Act/42 U.S.C. 1396p(d)(4)(A)). Other authority:

EMERGENCY RULE

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- □ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.

Reasons for this finding: To incorporate changes prompted by Title V – Savings, Sec. 5007 Fairness in Medicaid supplemental needs trusts of the 21st Century Cures Act, signed on December 13, 2016. This emergency is necessary to continue the current emergency rule filed under WSR 17-20-104, set to expire on February 1, 2018. The agency completed the permanent rulemaking process and filed the permanent rules under WSR 18-04-037 on January 30, 2018. The permanent rules are effective on March 2, 2018.

In the permanent rules, the changes related to the 21st Century Cures Act were relocated from WAC 182-516-0100 (as filed in this emergency) to a new section WAC 182-516-0120 (as filed under WSR 17-24-082 and under WSR 18-04-037).

Note: If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text.

Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note. A section may be counted in more than one category.

The number of sections adopted in order to comply with:

Federal statute:	New	_ Amended	Repealed
Federal rules or standards:	New	Amended	1 Repealed

Recently enacted state statutes: Ne	ew	Amended		Repealed					
The number of sections adopted at the request of a nongovernmental entity:									
Ne	ew	Amended		Repealed					
The number of sections adopted on the agency's own initiative:									
Ne	ew	Amended		Repealed					
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify, streamline, or reform agency procedures:									
Ne	ew	Amended	<u>1</u>	Repealed					
The number of sections adopted using:									
Negotiated rule making: Negotiated rule making: Negotiated rule making: Negotiated rule making: Negotiated rule	ew	Amended		Repealed					
Pilot rule making: Ne	ew	Amended		Repealed					
Other alternative rule making: Ne	ew	Amended	<u>1</u>	Repealed					
Date Adopted: January 31, 2018 Signature:									
Name: Wendy Barcus		Jaland Barras							
Title: HCA Rules Coordinator		1 rainey . souther							

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-01-017, filed 12/7/12, effective 1/1/13)

WAC 182-516-0100 Trusts. (1) The department determines how trusts affect eligibility for medical programs.

(2) The department disregards trusts established, on or before April 6, 1986, for the sole benefit of a client who lives in an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICMR).

(3) For trusts established on or before August 10, 1993, the department counts the following:

(a) If the trust was established by the client, client's spouse, or the legal guardian, the maximum amount of money (payments) allowed to be distributed under the terms of the trust is considered available income to the client if all of the following conditions apply:

(i) The client could be the beneficiary of all or part of the payments from the trust;

(ii) The distribution of payments is determined by one or more of the trustees; and

(iii) The trustees are allowed discretion in distributing payments to the client.

(b) If an irrevocable trust doesn't meet the conditions under ((subsection (3)))(a) of this subsection then it is considered either:

(i) An **unavailable** resource, if the client established the trust for a beneficiary other than the client or the client's spouse; or

(ii) An **available** resource in the amount of the trust's assets that:

(A) The client could access; or

(B) The trustee distributes as actual payments to the client and the department applies the transfer of assets rules of WAC ((388-513-1363, 388-513-1364 or 388-513-1365)) 182-513-1363.

(c) If a revocable trust doesn't meet the description under ((subsection (3)))(a) of this subsection:

(i) The full amount of the trust is an available resource of the client if the trust was established by:

(A) The client;

(B) The client's spouse, and the client lived with the spouse; or

(C) A person other than the client or the client's spouse only to the extent the client had access to the assets of the trust.

(ii) Only the amount of money actually paid to the client from the trust is an available resource when the trust was established by:

(A) The client's spouse, and the client did not live with the spouse; or

(B) A person other than the client or the client's spouse; and

(C) Payments were distributed by a trustee of the trust.

(iii) The department considers the funds a resource, not income.

(4) For trusts established on or after August 11, 1993:

(a) The department considers a trust as if it were established by the client when:

(i) The assets of the trust, as defined under WAC 388-470-0005, are at least partially from the client;

(ii) The trust is not established by will; and

(iii) The trust was established by:

(A) The client or the client's spouse;

(B) A person, including a court or administrative body, with legal authority to act in place of, or on behalf of, the client or the client's spouse; or (C) A person, including a court or administrative body, acting at the direction of or upon the request of the client or the client's spouse.

(b) Only the assets contributed to the trust by the client are available to the client when part of the trust assets were contributed by any other person.

(c) The department does not consider:

(i) The purpose for establishing a trust;

(ii) Whether the trustees have, or exercise, any discretion under the terms of the trust;

(iii) Restrictions on when or whether distributions may be made from the trust; or

(iv) Restrictions on the use of distributions from the trust.

(d) For a revocable trust established as described under ((subsection (4)))(a) of this ((section)) subsection:

(i) The full amount of the trust is an available resource of the client;

(ii) Payments from the trust to or for the benefit of the client are income of the client; and

(iii) Any payments from the trust, other than payments described under ((subsection (4)))(d)(ii) of this subsection, are considered a transfer of client assets.

(e) For an irrevocable trust established as described under ((subsection (4)))(a) of this ((section)) subsection:

(i) Any part of the trust from which payment can be made to or for the benefit of the client is an available resource. When payment is made from such irrevocable trusts, we will consider the payments as:

(A) Income to the client when payment is to or for the client's benefit; or

(B) The transfer of an asset when payment is made to any person for any purpose other than the client's benefit;

(ii) A trust from which a payment cannot be made to or for the client's benefit is a transfer of assets. For such a trust, the transfer of assets is effective the date:

(A) The trust is established; or

(B) The client is prevented from receiving benefit, if this is after the trust is established.

(iii) The value of the trust includes any payments made from the trust after the effective date of the transfer.

(5) For trusts established on or after August 1, 2003:

(a) The department considers a trust as if it were established by the client when:

(i) The assets of the trust, as defined under WAC 388-470-0005, are at least partially from the client or the client's spouse;

(ii) The trust is not established by will; and

(iii) The trust was established by:

(A) The client or the client's spouse;

(B) A person, including a court or administrative body, with legal authority to act in place of, or on behalf of, the client or the client's spouse; or

(C) A person, including a court or administrative body, acting at the direction of or upon the request of the client or the client's spouse.

(b) Only the assets contributed other than by will to the trust by either the client or the client's spouse are available to the client or the client's spouse when part of the trust assets were contributed by persons other than the client or the client's spouse.

(c) The department does not consider:

(i) The purpose for establishing a trust;

(ii) Whether the trustees have, or exercise, any discretion under the terms of the trust;

(iii) Restrictions on when or whether distributions may be made from the trust; or

(iv) Restrictions on the use of the distributions from the trust.

(d) For a revocable trust established as described under ((sub-section (5)))(a) of this ((section)) <u>subsection</u>:

(i) The full amount of the trust is an available resource of the client;

(ii) Payments from the trust to or for the benefit of the client are income of the client; and

(iii) Any payments from the trust, other than payments described under ((subsection (5)))(d)(ii) of this subsection, are considered a transfer of client assets.

(e) For an irrevocable trust established as described under ((subsection (5)))(a) of this ((section)) subsection:

(i) Any part of the trust from which payment can be made to or for the benefit of the client or the client's spouse is an available resource. When payment is made from such irrevocable trusts, the department will consider the payment as:

(A) Income to the client or the client's spouse when payment is to or for the benefit of either the client or the client's spouse; or

(B) The transfer of an asset when payment is made to any person for any purpose other than the benefit of the client or the client's spouse;

(ii) A trust from which a payment cannot be made to or for the benefit of the client or client's spouse is a transfer of assets. For such a trust, the transfer of assets is effective the date:

(A) The trust is established; or

(B) The client or client's spouse is prevented from receiving benefit, if this is after the trust is established.

(iii) The value of the trust includes any payments made from the trust after the effective date of the transfer.

(6) Trusts established on or after August 11, 1993, are not considered available resources if they contain the assets of either:

(a) A person sixty-four years of age or younger who is disabled as defined by SSI criteria (as described in WAC ((388-475-0050)) <u>182-512-0050</u>) and the trust:

(i) Is established for the sole benefit of this person by their parent, grandparent, legal guardian, or a court; and

(ii) Stipulates that the state will receive all amounts remaining in the trust upon the death of the client, up to the amount of medicaid spent on the client's behalf; or

(b) A person regardless of age, who is disabled as defined by SSI criteria (as described in WAC ((388-475-0050))) 182-512-0050), and the trust meets the following criteria:

(i) It is irrevocable;

(ii) It is established and managed by a nonprofit association;

(iii) A separate account is maintained for each beneficiary of the trust but for purposes of investment and management of funds the trust pools the funds in these accounts;

(iv) Accounts in the trust are established solely for the benefit of the disabled individual as defined by the SSI program;

(v) Accounts in the trust are established by:

(A) The individual;

(B) The individual's spouse, where the spouse is acting in the place of or on behalf of the individual;

(C) The individual's parent, grandparent, legal guardian;

(D) A person, including a court or administrative body, with legal authority to act in place of or on behalf of the individual or the individual's spouse; or

(E) A person, including a court or administrative body, acting at the direction or upon the request of the individual or the individual's spouse.

(vi) It stipulates that either:

(A) The state will receive all amounts remaining in the client's separate account upon the death of the client, up to the amount of medicaid spent on the client's behalf; or

(B) The funds will remain in the trust to benefit other disabled beneficiaries of the trust.

(7) Trusts established on or after August 1, 2003, are not considered available resources if they contain the assets of either:

(a) A person sixty-four years of age or younger who is disabled as defined by SSI criteria (as described in WAC ((388-475-0050)) <u>182-512-0050</u>) and the trust:

(i) Is irrevocable;

(ii) Is established for the sole benefit of this person by ((their)) the person's parent, grandparent, legal guardian, ((or)) a court, or after December 13, 2016, the person; and

(iii) Stipulates that the state will receive all amounts remaining in the trust upon the death of the client, the end of the disability, or the termination of the trust, whichever comes first, up to the amount of medicaid spent on the client's behalf; or

(b) A person regardless of age, who is disabled as defined by SSI criteria (as described in WAC ($(\frac{388-475-0050}{182-512-0050})$, and the trust meets the following criteria:

(i) It is irrevocable;

(ii) It is established and managed by a nonprofit association;

(iii) A separate account is maintained for each beneficiary of the trust but for purposes of investment and management of funds the trust pools the funds in these accounts;

(iv) Accounts in the trust are established solely for the benefit of the disabled individual as defined by the SSI program;

(v) Accounts in the trust are established by:

(A) The individual;

(B) The individual's spouse, where the spouse is acting in the place of or on behalf of the individual;

(C) The individual's parent, grandparent, legal guardian;

(D) A person, including a court or administrative body, with legal authority to act in place of or on behalf of the individual or the individual's spouse; or

(E) A person, including a court or administrative body, acting at the direction or upon the request of the individual or the individual al's spouse.

(vi) It stipulates that either:

(A) The state will receive all amounts remaining in the client's separate account upon the death of the client, the end of the disability, or the termination of the trust, whichever comes first, up to the amount of medicaid spent on the client's behalf; or (B) The funds will remain in the trust to benefit other disabled beneficiaries of the trust.

(8) Trusts described in subsections (6)(a) and (7)(a) of this section continue to be considered an unavailable resource even after the individual becomes age sixty-five. However, additional transfers made to the trust after the individual reaches age sixty-five would be considered an available resource and would be subject to a transfer penalty.

(9) The department does not apply a penalty period to transfers into a trust described in subsections (6)(b) and (7)(b) of this section if the trust is established for the benefit of a disabled individual under age sixty-five as described in WAC ((388-513-1363 and 388-513-1364)) 182-513-1363 and the transfer is made to the trust before the individual reaches age sixty-five.

(10) The department considers any payment from a trust to the client to be unearned income. Except for trusts described in subsection (6) of this section, the department considers any payment to or for the benefit of either the client or client's spouse as described in subsections (4)(e) and (5)(e) of this section to be unearned income.

(11) The department will only count income received by the client from trusts and not the principal, if:

(a) The beneficiary has no control over the trust; and

(b) It was established with funds of someone other than the client, spouse or legally responsible person.

(12) This section does not apply when a client establishes that undue hardship exists.

(13) WAC (($\frac{388-513-1363}{,}$, $\frac{388-513-1364}{,}$, $\frac{388-513-1365}{,}$, and $\frac{388-513-1366}{,}$)) $\frac{182-513-1363}{,}$ apply under this section when the department determines that a trust or a portion of a trust is a transfer of assets.