

WA Department of Health 2023 Opioid/Fentanyl Overdose Prevention Campaign





# Six Phases of Research Informed Campaign Development



Secondary Research

Review of recent harm reduction and anti-stigma campaigns to ID best practices and knowledge gaps to inform campaign research and development.



Partner Interviews

Gather partner feedback to inform campaign focus, messaging and strategies.



Focus/ Message Testing

Understand awareness, barriers & motivators to harm reduction behaviors to inform messages.

(Qualitative study of people who use opioids and their care networks)



Concept Testing

Tested Prevent Overdose WA campaign concepts with priority audiences.

(Qualitative study of people who use opioids and their care networks)



Survey: Stigma & Behaviors

Set baselines of harm reduction behaviors and stigma levels.

(Quantitative survey in English and Spanish of general pop, people who use opioids and care networks)



Ad Recall & Awareness

Set baselines + inform future work.

(Quantitative survey in English and Spanish of general pop, people who use opioids and care networks)

### **Behavior & Audience Selection**

#### Behavior Focus: Getting more people in the community to have and know how to use naloxone (an easy-touse, safe nasal spray that can reverse an opioid overdose). Secondary messaging of not using alone.

#### **Priority Audiences:**

- 1) People who use opioids (PWUO):
  - Knew about naloxone but did not necessarily carry it.
- 2) Care Networks (People with a close relationship with someone who uses opioids)
- 3) Audience Overlays (populations disproportionately affected by opioid overdose):
  - Male identifying people
  - Young adults 16-24
  - Latino/Hispanic
  - American Indian/Alaska Native
  - Black/African American
  - People living in 13 WA counties with higher overdose rates.



### View Campaign Videos in English | Spanish & Websites in English | Spanish



contigo y revierte una sobredosis.







I was scared the night you overdosed.





An opioid overdose is scary. But an opioid overdose, <u>including those caused by fentanyl</u>, can be reversed if you know what to do. Naloxone is a safe, legal, life-saving medicine that you can carry in a pocket, backpack, or purse.

Get Naloxone 🤍 Reverse an Overdose

#### Naloxone: What it is and where to find it

When an overdose happens, breathing slows or stops. Naloxone (also known as Narcan) blocks the effect of the oploid, restores breathing, and reverses the overdose. It's a small, simple-to-administer nasal spray that can save a friend, a family member\_anyone experiencing an opiold overdose.



# Be prepared to save a life.

Learn how at PreventOverdoseWA.org





## Results



For questions please reach out to: Chantel.Wang@doh.wa.gov